JOB WORK
The Neatest, The Best,
At the Gazette Office.

Reno Evening Gazette.

ENVELOPES
Printed Cheaper than the Cheapest.

VOL. XXIX. RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA, SATURDAY, JULY 5, 1890. NO. 82.

BORN.

DUNLAP—In Lake Valley, Douglas county, Nevada, to the wife of John Dunlap, a daughter.

HEITMAN—In Carson Valley, Douglas county, Nevada, to the wife of Henry Heitman, a daughter.

MARRIED.

WELCH—STOKES—In Reno, Nevada, July 3, 1890, Isaac Welch and Miss Etta Stokes.

DIED.

DONOHUE—In Sacramento Cal., July 3, 1890, Charles J. Donohue, son of Michael and Delia Donohue, aged 17 years, late of Reno, Nevada.

ROYAL
BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*U. S. Government Report, Aug.* 19, 1889.

Superstition

Governs many an action and will govern this one of ours. It is generally believed that Friday is an unlucky day, and for that reason we have selected

Friday and Saturday,
July 4th & 5th,

As the days upon which to hold our next slaughter in prices, and will offer you bargains covering a larger field than ever before. To show you that we mean business we offer you on those two days—

Linen Torchon Lace, all widths, pr yd Worth from 10c to 20c.	$ 05
Valenciennes Lace, all wid hs, per yd Worth from 10c to 25c.	0
Hamburg Edging, per yd from 5c to... Worth twice the money.	15
Crepe Lisse Ruching, extra quality ... Worth from 25c to 35c.	15
Ladies All Linen Handkerchiefs, hemstitched	15
Children's Lace Collars, your choice of large assortment	20
Turkey Red Dice Table Covers, 50x76, extra heavy, each	80
Turkey Red Table Covers, 50x72, extra quality, fringed	1 25
Adamantine Pins, two papers for	05
Cloth-bound Book, by the best authors	50
Paper-covered Books, by best authors	95
Best Flint Glass Goblets, per doz	60
Acme Lamp Chimneys, 3 for	25

An extra large line of crockery, glassware fancy goods, etc., at equally low rates. Remember these prices are for these two days only and spot cash is our secret for selling goods cheaper than our competitors.

Just for Fun

We will aim another blow at superstition, and as it is generally known that thirteen is an unlucky number, we make the following offers:

First—We will give a present of a nice doll to every child in its 13th year who will come to the store on either one of these days and register his or her name in a book kept for the purpose.

Second—We will make a present of a nice oil painting to any person whose bill figures an even 13 dollars or multiple thereof.

Third—To any party of 13 widows who come in a group on either Friday or Saturday we will make each and all a present out of our glassware assortment.

Fourth—To any party of 13 orphans accompanied by both their parents, we will present each one with a deed to a lot in Ryland's Addition to Reno

Fifth—To any party of old maids between 30 and 40 who will come on Friday, we will present each one with an entire outfit of kitchen furniture, and do what we can to help them find husbands.

Yours for fun or money,

.....THE....

The Fair.

W. F. M'GEE, MANAGER. je16

FARMERS IN LINE.

A Kansas Procession of 20,000.

Material Advance in English Miners' Wages.

The Latest on the Exclusion Act.
By Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Acting Secretary Batchelder has issued the following instructions in regard to the reentry into the United States of Chinese after a visit to China:

First—Chinamen who are laborers are, under the Exclusion Act of October 1, 1888, absolutely debarred from landing in the United States, unless it be for transit across United States territory under the department regulations of July, September and December, 1889.

Second—Chinamen not laborers and who may have heretofore resided in the United States, are not prevented by the existing laws or treaty from returning to the United States after visiting China or elsewhere. No certificates or other papers, however, are issued either by the department or any of its subordinate officers to show that they are entitled to land in the United States, but it is suggested that such persons should, before leaving the United States, provide themselves with such proofs of identity as may be deemed proper, showing they have been residents of the United States, and that they are not laborers, so that they can present the same to and be identified by the Collector of Customs at the port where they may return.

Third—Chinese persons not laborers, who may come to the United States for the first time, are only entitled to land upon compliance with Section 3 of the act of July 5, 1884, which prescribes that such persons "shall obtain permission of and be identified as so entitled by the Chinese Government, or such other foreign government, of which, at the time, such Chinese persons shall be subject in such a case to be evidenced by a certificate issued by such government. The certificate shall be in the English language and shall show such permission, with the name of the benefitted person in his or her proper signature, etc."

The Silver Question Discussed.
By Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, July 5.—The Republican members of the conference committee on the silver bill were in session to-day. It was the intention to hold a regular conference, but Representative Bland of the House conferees and Senator Harris of the Senate conferees were absent. The principal topic discussed, it is understood, was in regard to the amount of silver to be purchased monthly, whether it shall be 4,500,000 ounces or $4,500,000. A proposition to strike out the bullion redemption feature was also a subject of some discussion, but no final decision on either point was arrived at.

A Monster Demonstration.
By Associated Press.]

EMPORIA (Kan.), July 5. — The Farmers' Alliance and other kindred organizations united in one of the grandest demonstrations to-day ever held in this city. There was a procession five miles long, 20,000 people being in attendance. No such a turnout of farmers was ever before witnessed in this part of the State. The speakers were L. L. Polk, President of the National Alliance, Ralph Beaumont and other prominent members.

Bank Statement.
By Associated Press.]

NEW YORK, July 5.—The weekly bank statement shows a reserve decrease of $2,796,600, a specie increase of $1,037,000, and the banks now hold $3,846,850 in excess of the rule.

Swindled by Sharpers.
By Associated Press.]

BEAVER FALLS, Pa., July 5.—Joseph Shannon, a wealthy farmer, was swindled out of $9,000 by a couple of sharpers at the old game of bunco.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

BREVITIES.

Local and General Intelligence.

Politics are beginning to buzz along the line, and the hum of the buttonholer is heard in the land.

That new electric mast at the west end of the C. P. depot is a most needed improvement of that locality.

Should your watch or clock need cleaning or repairing take it to Marcus Fredrick who will make it keep time like a chronometer.

The report that Frank Bell was engaged in constructing a telegraph and telephone line between Truckee and Tahoe City proved unauthentic.

Read the new ad of the Palace Drygoods and Carpet house in to-day's GAZETTE. Great reduction in all the departments of their immense stock.

The military procession and martial bearing of the Virginia detatchment of the National Guard was particularly noted and commented on yesterday.

On and after this date the Reno Postoffice will make up at 8:45, A. M., a lock-pouch for San Francisco, which will be sent on the 9 A. M. passenger. No way mail taken.

The first drawing of Hyman Fredrick's watch club No. 2 will take place this evening at 8:30 o'clock; also, the regular drawing of club No. 1. Let all members of both clubs be on hand and see who are to be the fortunate ones.

Johnny Ball of Virginia City, who lately lost the sight of his right eye through the bursting of a bottle he was charging with soda water, in Knapp's Soda Factory, Virginia City, has had the defective optic removed by a surgical operation in San Francisco, in order to save the sight of the remaining eye.

The fire laddie's ball at the Pavilion last evening was the crowning success of the Fourth. The spacious edifice was full to overflowing with the stalworth gallantry and feminine beauty of Reno, reinforced by visiting contingents from neighboring towns. The music was excellent and the light fantastic was tripped till the early matin hours. The ball was an unqualified success.

PERSONAL.

Allen C. Bragg left last night for San Diego on a health seeking expedition.

Mrs. R. S. Osburn and son left this morning for San Francisco where they will spend the heated term.

Dr. A. Dawson returned this morning from a health seeking trip to San Francisco, considerably improved.

Eugene Lee, the well known Reno boy, is engaged in San Francisco, in the electrical manufacturing business.

Mrs. Wilcox, Mrs. Burkett and Mrs. Lindsey of Carson, were in town yesterday on a visit to Mrs. M. D. Calvert of the Tremont House.

District Attorney W. D. Jones of Lander county, and Henry Mayenbaum, the Austin attorney, were in town this morning on their way to Carson on legal business.

A Disaster.

A private letter from Lovelock to the Board of Trade says the Southwest Company's dam has gone out, and the valley is again left without water for irrigating. After the two years of scarcity caused by the dryness of the seasons this is a real disaster, and our neighbors have the sympathy of the entire State.

At this time the suggestion again becomes pertinent that all the companies combine to go higher up to where rock banks can be found, and bring one canal down for the whole valley. This would bring in a large lot of new land and make a town of Lovelock, adding wealth to the valley. The Board of Trade has interviewed Mr. Mills, head of the railroad land department, and he has assured them that any railroad land that could be covered would be sold to settlers, or to the canal company at no advanced price, and that alone would make a big start towards furnishing capital. Surely a lot of sensible men can find a way to agree upon so plain a proposition.

Police Court.

Since Thursday last Judge Young has dockgted twelve arrests, a rather plentiful harvest for the fragrant Fourth. Eleven were jugged on the time-honored charge of drunk and disorderly—four of the delinquents being Indians and the balance belonging to the nobler while race, unfortunately subject to such trifling defects like their copper-colored brethren. The twelfth man, named Wm. Weaver, was arrested on the serious charge of selling whisky to Indians.

Picnic at Donner Lake.

The Young Men's Institute will give their annual picnic at Donner Lake on Wednesday, July 23d. Those wishing to go should purchase their tickets soon, as the number is limited.

JAMES GRIFFIN,
J. B. CANE,
JAMES O'NEILL,
P. L. FLANNAGAN,
W. M. CRONAN,
Managers.

Press Report Discontinued.

The *Journal* has discontinued taking the Press dispatches. The public does not seem to appreciate the efforts both papers have been making to furnish the latest news.

RAINS IN VIRGINIA.

Cellars Flooded and Crops Destroyed.

A New Spanish Cabinet—The Population of Boston.

Sandwich Island Affairs.
Special to the GAZETTE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, July 5.—The steamship Mariposa arrived to-day, twenty-five days from Sydney and seven days from Honolulu. Hawaiian advices state that on June 17th King Kalakua appointed John Adams Cummins Minister of Foreign Affairs, vice Jonothan Austin, resigned; Godfrey Brown, Minister of Fianance, vice S. M. Damon, resigned; Charles N. Spencer, Minister of the Interior, vice Lorin A. Thurston, resigned; and Arthur P. Peterson, Attorney-General, vice C. W. Ashford.

On Friday, June 13th, Noble Wideman introduced a resolution in the Legislature declaring that

WHEREAS, It was apparent that the constitutional advisers of the King were irreconcilably divided against themselves, and it being impossible to heal the dissensions in a manner conducive to the best interests of the kingdom except by a dissolution of the Cabinet, it was

Resolved, That the Assembly mark its dissatisfaction with the existing state of affairs by declaring a want of confidence in the Ministry.

Previous to the introduction of the resolution Minister Austin replied to charges made against him in the majority report of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, which have been heretofore referred to in these dispatches, denying that he disobeyed the instructions of the House to lay before it the documents of a proposed treaty with the United States, or that he had abstracted important documents in relation to the matter.

On the introduction of the resolution Representative Brown stated that there was a greater principle at stake than the integrity of the Ministry, viz.: that the minority should not rule, and offered the following amendatory resolution:

WHEREAS, Minister Ashford had advised the King to refuse to follow the advice of a majority of the Cabinet, which, by the advice of the Attorney-General, the Supreme Court passed upon and declared illegal and unconstitutional, but the Attorney-General had persisted in his advice to the King, it was

Resolved, That such an assertion of the principle of the right of the minority to rule was subsersive of a constitutional representative Government, and that the action of the Attorney-General was deserving of the severest censure and condemnation of the House, which did thereby declare its lack of confidence in him.

A protracted and warm debate followed, in which the Attorney-General and some members of the Legislature took the ground that that body could get rid of one member of the Ministry only by passing a vote of want of confidence in the whole Cabinet.

The vote on Brown's amendment resulted 24 to 24, a tie vote, all elective members of the House, including the President, voting. The Cabinet, however, promptly resigned.

A Flooded Country.
By Associated Press.]

PARKERSBURG (W. Va.), July 5.—the fourth destructive storm of the week passed over this locality yesterday, flooding cellars, damaging streets and sweeping away the crops. The sudden heavy rainfall deluged the Kanawha and Muskingum valleys. An unofficial estimate places the damages in Muskingum valley at $500,000. Much of this was to the Government works for the improvement of navigation.

An Entire New Cabinet.
By Cable and Associated Press.]

MADRID, July 5.—A new Cabinet has been formed: Prime Minister, Canovas del Castillo; Foreign Affairs, Duke of Tetuan; Finance, Cosgayon; Interior, Silvela; Justice, Villaverd; Commerce, Isasa; War, General Azcarraga; Marine, Admiral Berenger; Colonies, Fabre.

Boston's Population.
By Associated Press.]

BOSTON, July 5.—Supervisor Wadlin of the Census Bureau gives as an official estimate of Boston's population, 437,242. The figures of 1880 were 362,369.

A Material Advance.
By Cable and Associated Press.]

LONDON, July 5.—The wages of the Northumberland miners have been increased 2½ per cent. This makes an advance of 30 per cent. within a few months.

English Races.
By Cable and Associated Press.]

LONDON, July 5.—The Princes of Wales stakes at Kempton Park to-day was won by the Deuce of Clubs.

The Kempton International 2-year-old plate was won by St. Cyr.

Bar silver, 104¼.

Sprinter's Record Beaten.

The Carson *Tribune* of the 3d inst. says:

The footrace at the Carson race track last evening attracted a good crowd, and proved the fastest and most exciting ever seen in Nevada. Although closely pressed by Gibson, Johnson showed that he was well entitled to the claim of being "champion sprinter of the world," for he won both heats of 125 yards each in 12 1-4 and 12 1-5, which beats the world's record.

Is the *Tribune* quite sure that the "quarter post" was not moved?

CHURCH NOTICES.

TRINITY CHURCH.—Literary service, sermon and holy communion at 11 A. M. A vested choir will render the musical portions of the services. Sunday school at 12:30 P. M. Evening song without a sermon at 7:30 P. M.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—Services at the Baptist church at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M., conducted by the Rev. John Barr. Morning subject, "The Beauty of the King;" evening subject, "The Attractive Power of Christ."

Bad Census Work.

A man from Incline, situated in the southwest corner of Washoe county, who spent the Fourth in Reno, is authority for the statement that at the above and other smaller camps in the vicinity at least 200 were missed by the enumerator, he having failed to visit that part of the county.

A Virginia City Fire.

Yesterday afternoon a fire on the Divide between Virginia and Gold Hill consumed a stable, sixteen horses, two cows and quite a quantity of hay, besides several dwellings and outbuildings. The estimated loss is not learned.

If About to Travel or Emigrate,

The voyager cannot be provided with a safer remedy and protective medicine than Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Abundant testimony exists to prove that it nullifies hurtful climatic influences and the effects of exposure, that it reconciles the stomach to unaccustomed food, and prevents injurious results from impure water. Mariners, tourists, emigrants and miners have all contributed their quota of testimony in its behalf, and its protective influence has been most effectually demonstrated in regions and under conditions where, if not really effective, that fact would have long since been exposed. In no class of disorders have its remedial and preventive properties been more conspicuously shown than in cases of malarial fevers, maladies for which it is the most popular specific in existence, both here and in the tropics, where its reputation is scarcely second to that which it enjoys on this continent. It is, moreover, a most agreeable appetizer and nervine.

My New Quarters.

My patrons are hereby notified that I have moved my cigar and tobacco business from the Coakes building to my new store next to John Sunderland's clothing department, where I will be pleased to see all in want of my line of goods. A. NELSON.

The Throat.—"Brown's Bronchial Troches" act directly on the organs of the voice. They have an extraordinary effect in all disorders of the throat.

A ST. LOUIS PHYSICIAN.

He Tests a California Production.—His Report.

A St. Louis gentleman whose affliction was sick headaches was so surprised at their cure by Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla, that he called it to the attention of a relative, who happened to be Dr. F. A. Barrett, the well-known St. Louis physician of 2652 Shenandoah Street. The doctor saw at once that it differed from the potash preparations in that it was purely vegetable, and becoming interested, began a series of investigations, and in a subsequent letter candidly admitted its curative properties, and says:—

Wishing to test its virtues further, I used it in my own family, and prescribed it for patients who required a general system regulator. As a result, I can say it is an almost absolute cure for constipation, biliousness, dyspepsia, indigestion, and sick headaches. These troubles usually come from a disturbed condition of the stomach and bowels, and Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla is the best laxative and stomach regulator I have ever seen, and as a general system corrective is almost perfection.

[Signed] F. A. BARRETT, M. D.,
2652 Shenandoah St., St. Louis.

KEEP TO THE RIGHT.

Do not be imposed on by any of the numerous imitations, substitutes, etc., which are flooding the world. There is only one Swift's Specific, and there is nothing like it. Our remedy contains no Mercury, Potash, Arsenic, or any poisonous substance whatever. It builds up the general health from the first dose, and has never failed to eradicate contagious blood poison and its effects from the system. Be sure to get the genuine. Send your address for our Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases, which will be mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

THE PALACE
...IS....
RENO'S LEADING HOTEL
...IT HAS....
Light Sunny Rooms,
Restaurant Attached,
Fine Billiard Parlor
AL WHITE, Proprietor. J. J. GRANT, Manager.
Every Attention Paid to Guests.
my6tf

"Our Family Physician."

A HANDSOMELY BOUND BOOK OF 480 pages, giving symptoms of all diseases and recognized treatment according to four different schools; will save $50 in doctor's bills in one year. Given away with THE WEEKLY GAZETTE AND STOCKMAN one year $2.

AGENTS WANTED everywhere for the National Capital Building and Loan Society, Rookery Building, Chicago, Ill.

FURNISHING GOODS, HATS BOOTS AND SHOES.

SUMMER 1890

My Summer Stock Is Now Complete,
—Consisting of—
The Latest and Best Styles
—OF—
Men's and Boys' Clothing,
Underwear, Socks, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neckwear,
All Shades and Patterns,
Collars, Cuffs, Windsor Ties and Dude Bows.

STRAW HATS All grades and colors. A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF Men's, Boys and Children's STRAW HATS All grades and colors.

A full line of J. B. Stetson & Co. FINE HATS In all grades.

A Fine Stock of SILK HATS of the Best Grade.

A Large Assortment of Men's and Boys' Suspenders.

SUNDERLAND'S
$2 50 SHOE.
Button, Lace, Congress
—MY STOCK OF—
BOOTS AND SHOES
Is as complete as ever, consisting of
Gent's Fine Hand-Sewed Boots and Shoes in all Grades,
Ladies' Misses, and Children's Boots, Shoes and Slippers in all grades and colors.

All Goods sold at the Lowest Possible Price.

Ladies' and Gent's Boots and Shoes made to order; Repairing neatly done.

F. LEVY & BROTHER.

Dry Goods Used at All Times, Be it Ever So Little.

But not at all times can dry goods be bought at prices like

We Are Selling Them Now.

Don't stop to ask those who have bought bargains of us,

Come Yourself,
Bring Your Cash,

Because It Is Cash We Are After.

And We Will Astonish You,

We will make your dollar buy more goods at our store than of any other store on the Coast.

We don't offer one article at a low price and hang on to high prices on other goods.

All Our Goods, Every Single Article
WITHOUT RESERVE
Must and Will Be Sacrificed
AT SLAUGHTERING PRICES!

People out of town can save a whole lot more besides traveling expenses by attending our great sale personally

Those indebted to us please pay up at once, or we shall be obliged to enforce collection.

F. LEVY & BRO.,
Reno, Nevada.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
From the Professor of Chemistry, California College of Pharmacy.
SAN FRANCISCO, JANUARY 24, 1889.
I have made a careful analysis of a sample of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder purchased by me in open market. The results of my analysis show that the Cream of Tartar used in its manufacture is pure, and that it does not contain any foreign substances, such as Alum, Ammonia, Lime or other impurities. I consider it to be pure and wholesome, and in every way a superior article.
W. T. WENZELL, M. D. Ph. M., Ph. G.,
Professor of Chemistry in the Cala. Col. of Pharm., University of California.

Reno Evening Gazette

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY.

A. C. BRAGG. A. O. PORTER.

BRAGG & PORTER, Proprietors.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Daily, one year (by mail) $6 00
Weekly, one year (by mail) 2 00
Daily, delivered by carrier to any part of Reno (per week) 25

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Daily, one square for one month $2 50
Weekly, one square for one month 1 25

Saturday..... July 5, 1890

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

Come Now!

We submit to the candor of the Enterprise—unless it has expunged that word from its vocabulary—that the criticisms of the GAZETTE upon Congressman Bartine have never been either u fair or unwarranted. At the outset he refused to join in the minority report of the Coinage Committee, and agreed to the majority report in favor of the Congressional caucus bill, which was justly denounced by every other silver man in and out of Congress, as worse than the trick of 1873. When criticized for this he replied to the criticism in a letter to Judge Wells, which was published in the Carson Appeal. In this letter he claimed to be for free coinage, and said that he had joined in the report against it for "special reasons," which reasons he did not give then or afterwards. In the same letter he argued against the policy of "free coinage or nothing," and declared substantially that he would not assume any such position unless instructed by his constituents. Well, he got the instructions to that effect, got them from the Republican State Central Committee and the State Silver Convention, and the press generally, with the Enterprise—to its credit—in the front rank. After that he braced up and gave a vigorous, instead of a half-hearted support to the free coinage cause, and he is now as good a silver man as anybody, and we have said so, and we now repeat it. Bartine is honest and industrious and gentlemanly, and to the extent of his ability has made a good representative, but politically his backbone never was more than half ossified and the Enterprise knows it as well as we do.

Our Comstock neighbor is "dead off" in supposing that we have critized Bartine in the interest of some gentleman who wants "his place." We are not supporting anybody for "his place," and don't expect to until after the State Convention makes its nomiuations. By the way, when did the congressional seat get to be Bartine's private property? We concede that he is entitled to a renomination—if he can get it; and any other qualified gentleman in the party is equally entitled to it if he can get it. We suppose that the Enterprise will concede that any good Republican who is fit for the place has the same right to fairly defeat Bartine in the convention that Jones had to defeat Nye, that Wren had to defeat Woodburn, that Dagget had to defeat Wren, and that Bartine himself had to defeat Woodburn two years ago. If a majority of the State Convention should happen to think that somebody else would make a better Congressman than Bartine, or was better entitled to it, or would make a better run, we cannot for the life of us see that Bartine would have any right to kick. Nobody in this part of the country has a vested right to continued pie.

By every one who heard it, and especially by those who have known Mr. Fitch the longest and most intimately, his oration at the Opera House yesterday is universally conceded to have been his best effort for twenty years, if not of his life. This remarkable oration, which appears in full in this issue, adds new laurels to the national reputation of this peerless orator, and stamps him as second to none.

A Gubernatorial Candidate.

The Walker Lake *Bulletin* suggests the name of R. K. Colcord of Esmeralda county as the Republican candidate for Governor, and gives that gentleman a healthy indorsement.

The writer of this is not acquainted with Mr. Colcord, but the high character given him by the Virginia *Enterprise* is liable to create a suspicion that the corporations have used for him.

Tourists.

Whether on pleasure bent or business, should take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale 50 cent and $1 00 bottles by all leading druggists.

JOTTINGS.

Wall paper of all kinds at Shoemaker & Ruth's.

Mixed paints—the best made, all colors at Shoemaker & Ruth's.

J. W. Killeen of the Phœnix Hotel is being liberally patronized by those looking for first-class accommodations.

For an extra fine lunch of Boston baked beans, clam chowder and brown bread to-morrow, go to J. J. Becker's Chicago Saloon.

Start in Monday by putting up fruit, and go to E. C. Leadbetter's and get the best to be had; you can also get the best fruit jars

The Tremont Hotel, Mrs M. D. Calvert, proprietor, is the place to go for a comfortable and neat a room and bed as can be had in town.

By patronizing the Riverside Hotel you are always certain of a good room, a nice bed and as good meals as are to be had anywhere, east or west.

Miss Emma Gibbs not only carries the material for all kinds of fancy work, but she gives lessons thus enabling you to know how to use it.

Jaques & Son carry a complete stock of cooking and parlor stoves, and shelf hardware, and are doing all kinds of plumbing at the lowest rates.

C. J. Brookins is in daily receipt of the choicest California fruit and berries, fresh from the trees and vines; also both imported and domestic nuts.

At C. A. Thurston's news depot can be had a full line of the best writing and drawing pencils, tracing and drawing paper, and both steel and rubber erasers.

The excellence of the meals of the Arcade was the subject of favorable comment by many strangers who patronized that popular resort yesterday.

Notwithstanding the hot weather, J. F. Aitken's teams are kept busy supplying people with the best firewood; he will also supply you with pure mountain ice.

An Old Soldier's Story.

In the late war I was a soldier in the First Maryland Volunteers, Company G. During my term of service I contracted chronic diarrhoea, since then I have used a great amount of medicine, but when I found any that would give me relief they would injure my stomach, until Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was brought to my notice. I used it and will say it is the only remedy that gave me permanent relief and no bad results follow. I take pleasure in recommending this preparation to all of my old comrads, who, while giving their service to their country, contracted this dreadful disease as I did, from eating unwholesome and uncooked food. Yours truly, A. E. Bending, Halsey, Ore. For sale by Shoemaker & Co.

Unpleasantness Avoided.

Several months ago, Mr. Henry Plummer of Clements, Cal., who is subject to cramps, was taken with a severe attack. He had been accustomed to get relief by dosing with morphine, but the disagreeable effect that followed would make him miserable for hours after the cramp had been relieved. I persuaded him to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. He was much pleased with its effect as it was almost instantaneous, and no disagreeable after affects accompanied its use. Chas Bamert, Manager, Farmers' Trade Union, Clements, Cal. For sale by Shoemaker & Co.

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm Timmons, Postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman of same place, says: "Find th Electric Bitter to be the best Liver and Kidney medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: "Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50c. a bottle at Wm. Pinniger's drug store.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Micheal Curtain, Plainfield, Ill. makes the statement that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption: she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefited from first dose. She continued its use and after taking ten bottles, found herself sound and well, now does her own housework and is as well as she ever was—Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at W. Pinniger's Drug Store, large bottles 50c. and $1 00.

A Sure Cure for Piles.

Itching Piles are known by moisture, like perspiration causing intense itching when warm. This form, as well as blind, bleeding and protruding, yield at once to Dr. Bosanko's Pile remedy, which acts directly on the parts affected, absorbs tumors, allays itching and effects a permanent cure. 50c. Druggists or mail; treatise free. Dr. Bosanko, Piqua, O. Sold by S. J Hodgkinson. ap5

Spring Medicine.

Dr. Gunn's Improved Liver Pills on account of their mild action are especially adapted for overcoming spring disorders, such as impure blood, tired brain and worn out body. They act promptly on the liver and kidneys; drive out all impurities from the blood, and malaria from the system. Only one pill at a dose. Try them this spring. Sold at 25 cents a box by S. J. Hodgkinson.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Wm. Pinniger dec2dwtf

Fryer's Abietine Ointment Made from the gum of the Abietine tree, or "Pinus Sabiniana" is guaranteed for piles, salt rheum, catarrh, burns, old sores etc. Price 25 cts Sold by Wm Pindiger The original and genuine Abietine preparations bear the fac-semile signature of D. F. Fryer.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle

Imperfect digestion and assimilation produce disordered conditions of the system which grows and are confirmed by neglect. Dr. J H McLean's Strengthening Cordial and blood purifier, by its tonic properties, cures indigestion and gives tone to the stomach. $1 00 per bottle.

Old much people suffer from disorders of the uninary organs, and are always gratified at the wonderful effects of Dr. J. H. McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm in banishing their troubles. $1 00 per bottle.

To Stockmen and Ranchers.

J. Westlake makes men's heavy French kip shoes full stock to order for $5 00. Try a pair.

Repairing neatly and promptly done. eg

MISCELLANEOUS.

California

A Pioneer's Experience With Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I am a pioneer in this county, having been here 30 years. Four years ago my little son Ellery became blood-poisoned by impure virus in vaccination. His arm swelled terribly, causing great agony; physicians said the arm must be amputated, and even then his recovery would be doubtful. One day I read about a blood purifier, new to me, and was surprised to learn that it was prepared by C. I. Hood, with whom I used to go to school in Chelsea, Vt. I decided to have my boy try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and was much gratified when it seemed to help him. He continued to grow better as we gave him the Sarsaparilla, and having used 8 bottles is now entirely cured. As Hood's Sarsaparilla has accomplished such wonderful results, I recommend it all I possibly can." JEROME M. SLEEPER, Upper Lake, Lake Co., Cal.

The City Treasurer

Of Lowell, Mass., says: "The above is from my brother, whose signature I recognized. I am also glad to testify to the excellence of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and to say that C. I. Hood & Co. are considered one of the most reliable firms in New England." VAN B. SLEEPER, City Treasurer, Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

HOTELS.

The Phœnix Hotel

IS A THREE-STORY BRICK STRUCTure, entirely new, and is situated near the V. & T., C. P. and N. C. & O. Depot.

The Rooms are well lighted and sunny and handsomely furnished.

The Table is supplied with all the Delicacies of the Season and is first-class.

The bar is at all times kept in keeping with the rest of the house, and the traveling public can find no better place to stop than at the Phœnix.

Rates $1 00, $1 25, $1 50 and $2 00, according to the room.

ma22tf J. W. KILLEEN, Proprietor.

THE PALACE

...IS....

RENO'S LEADING HOTEL

IT HAS....

Light Sunny Rooms,

Restaurant Attached,

Fine Billiard Parlor

AL WHITE, Proprietor. J. J. GRANT. Manager.

Every Attention Paid to Guests.

my6tf

Reno's Popular Hotel.

THE RIVERSIDE IS OFFERING new attractions to the guests every day.

THE ROOMS are well ventilated and lighted and sunny.

THE BOARD is of the best, both in quality and quantity. The finest meats, fish and fowl in the market.

THE BAR is second to none on the coast

Give us a call and be convinced.

W. R. CHAMBERLAIN, - Manager

THE GRAND CENTRAL.

THIS WELL-KNOWN AND POPULAR hotel is three stories in height and contains 36 rooms, all well lighted and sunny, and furnished in modern style. The dining room is a home for the traveler, where he can get the very best the market affords, and the bar is second to none in the State. Try the Grand Central once and you won't stop anywhere else.

je3tf DAN O'KEEFE, Prop'r.

New Shop Opened!

I HAVE OPENED MY NEW BRICK SHOP on Fourth street, next to Parry's stable, and have the most complete shop in the town. I am prepared to do

LIGHT AND HEAVY

-BLACKSMITHING-

In all its branches, and wood work of all kinds.

CARRIAGE PAINTING

In the highest style of the art.

I have engaged one of the best horse-shoers in the State, and can do any and every thing in my line. I also have

Carriages, Buggies, Wagons

OF ALL KINDS FOR SALE.

I have engaged ROBERT BUNCELL to do job work of all kinds.

Work done at a low figure for cash.

je6 A. NADON.

1,000
2,000
3,000
4,000
5,000
6,000
9,000
10,000

GALLON Superior Red Wood Tanks just received at the CYCLONE STORE.

je28tf

T. J. GARDNER,

CARRIAGE and SIGN PAINTER.

OVER HYMER'S STABLE,

Corner of Second and Sierra Street, Reno

ap7tf

THE FINEST LINE OF

MISCELLANEOUS.

Town Property!

I HAVE VERY CHOICE RESIDENCE property for sale. Situated one-half mile from the Railroad depot and one-fourth mile from the State University.

Lots 80 Feet Front and 240 Feet Deep.

WATER WITH THE PROPERTY. Fine Soil, large shade trees.

If you wish to make a home, come and see me.

mch15tf B. F. LEETE.

SAMUEL JELLY.

Watchmaker,

—And Importer of—

Jewelry, Watches, Diamond Work,

SILVERWARE, ETC.

422 J STREET, BET. FOURTH AND Fifth, SACRAMENTO, CAL.

Particular attention given to manufacturing Jewelry, and repairing clock, watches jewelry, etc., etc. ap2dtf

TRUCKEE

Livery and Feed Stable

RENO, NEVADA

T. K. HYMERS..... ....Proprietor

FIRST-CLASS TURNOUTS AND FINEST Saddle Horses. Careful attention given to stock. Boarders carefully looked after. oct1tf

FOR SALE!

Three of the Finest Farms in Inyo County.

Near the Town of Bishop.

EACH CONTAINS 160 ACRES, ALL IN the highest state of cultivation. One is all in alfalfa. Also 600 head of cattle. Reason for selling, old age and infirmities.

For particulars inquire of J. N Evans, Reno, Nev., or address "Farmer," Bishop Inyo County, Cal. je14tf1

Carriages, Wagons. Carts, Etc

W. J. LUKE CARRIES THE BEST class of goods to be found on the coast.

Agent for Studebaker's Fine Carriages, which cannot be excelled; agent for Fraser's Road Carts and Sulkies—the best; also agent for the U. S. Carriage Co.

the Best Horse-shoeing in Nevada

W. J. LUKE. 9-2

WM. WEBSTER, JR.

REAL ESTATE AND COLLECTION agent. Will buy and sell property on commission, rent houses, collect rents, negotiate loans, furnish abstracts and pay taxes.

OFFICE WITH WM. WEBSTER, SR., FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING, Reno, Nevada.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Fireworks, Flags, Firecrackers, Etc.

H. FISHER & CO.,

SACRAMENTO, - - CAL.

Importers and dealers in Fireworks, etc.

We make a specialty of Exhibition Goods. Committees respectfully asked to correspond with us, as we give you more and better goods than any other company on the coast.

Send for Price List.

H. FISHER & CO.

Largest Dealers on Pacific Coast

124p2

—FOR—

M. I. S. T.,

ARTISTS MATERIALS

Fresh Garden Seeds,

Diamond : Spectacles,

—GO TO—

S. J. HODGKINSON'S

DRUG STORE.

VIRGINIA STREET, -:- -:- RENO

ARCADE SALOON.

H. E. DAVIS & CO., PROPRIETORS.

THIS SALOON HAS BEEN RECENTLY fitted up in the most modern style, and is presided over by Harry Davis, late of the Depot Hotel, who is everybody knows.

The Bar Is Second to None

In the State, being always provided with the best of everything.

Mr. Davis a call and be convinced. aug22tf

THE ST. ELMO.

THIS POPULRR PLACE OF RESORT IS gaining new friends under the management of

S. L. COHOON

And to-day he has engaged that ever popular and genial

JOHNNY FITZGERALD

Late of the Depot and Arcade Hotels, who is so well and favorably known to the public, to take charge of the business.

The bar is well supplied with all the finest Liquors, Wines and Cigars and under the management of Johnny FitzGerald will be more popular than ever before je18tf

A. H. MANNING,

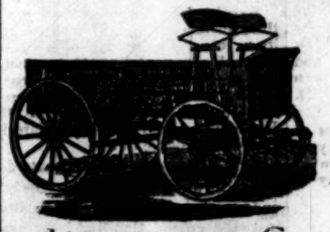
—DEALER IN—

ALL KINDS OF HARDWARE,

Plows,

Harrows,

Farm Wagons,



Header Gears, Carts, Road Scrapers,

Seed Drills, Mowers Reapers 1 & 2 Horse Power Rakes,

Manufacturer of Tinware.

Plumbing and Gasfitting at the Lowest Price.

PAINTS, OILS AND VARNISHES,

Agency Mound City Prepared Paint—guaranteed pure.

* Paints, Oils, Window AND Plate Glass. *

—THE—

Sullivan Kelly Co.,

Sacramento, California.

915, 917, 919 Second St

* Wall Paper, Mouldings, Varnishes, Brushes, Acme Paints. *

MISCELLANEOUS.

W. O. H. MARTIN,

- Commercial Row, Reno, Nevada,

....DEALER IN....

Shelf Hardware, Bar Iron, Barbed Wire, Steel

Cumberland Coal, Lime, Plaster, Cement,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

Buckeye and All Other Kinds of Machine Extras a Specialty.

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, TINWARE AND CROCKERY.

☞ AGENT FOR EMPIRE MOWER. oc1dwtf

RICHARD HERZ.

Headquarters for

WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY.

The Largest —AND— Finest Stock,

LOWEST PRICES

The Only House IN RENO Which Makes A SPECIALTY —OF— Engraving, Diamond Setting Fine Watch Repairing.

OVER 15,000 Watches Repaired in Nevada.

Virginia St., Reno

Pure Ice Cream Soda Water,

VICHY, ETC., ETC.,

—AT—

:-PINNIGER'S-:

New and Elegant Soda Fountain,

Corner of Commercial Row and Virginia Street,

BANKING AND INSURANCE.

D. A. BENDER, President. GEO. W. MAPES, Vice-President. C. T. BENDER, Cashier. GEO. H. TAYLOR, Asst. Cashier

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

RENO, -:- -:- NEVADA.

Cash Capital, $200,000. Surplus, $75,000

A General Banking Business Transacted.

Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to our care. Foreign and domestic exchange bought and sold.

PRINCIPAL CORRESPONDENTS:

BANK OF CALIFORNIA, San Francisco. NAT. BANK D. O. MILLS & CO., Sacramento
AM. EXCHANGE NAT. BANK, New York. CONTINENTAL NAT. BANK, Chicago, Ill.
BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO., London. BANCA GENERALE, Genoa, Italy.

DIRECTORS:

W. O. H MARTIN, A. H. MANNING, GEO. W. MAPES
D. A. BENDER, C. T. BENDER.
ALLEN A. CURTIS, FRANK M. LEE.

THE BANK OF NEVADA

RENO, NEVADA.

Capital Stock Fully Subscribed, - - $300,000

Will buy and sell exchange on San Francisco, New York, London and the principal Eastern and European cities.

OFFICERS:

M. D FOLEY, President R. S. OSBURN, Cashier.
M. R. WARD, Vice-President.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

DANIEL MEYER, of San Francisco. M. D. FOLEY, of Eureka
GEORGE RUSSELL, of Elko.
M. R. WARD, J. N. EVANS, C. C. POWNING, L. ABRAHAMS, of Reno.

STOCKHOLDERS:

Daniel Meyer, M. Brown, L. Brown and William Fries of San Francisco; Russell & Bradley, of Elko; M. D Foley, R. H. Donnelly, W. E. Griffin, John Torrey, H. Johnson, of Eureka; Mat Healey, of Susanville; Theo. H. Winters, of Washoe Valley; J. H. Whited, of Wadsworth; C. C. Powning, J. N. Evans, B. F. Bobo, L. Abrahams, A. Abrahams, W. H. Gould, Sol Levy, M. R. Ward, R. S. Osburn, R. H. Lindsay, W. D. Phillips, E. Cohn, T. V. Julien, L. Flint, J. H. Mitchell, Mrs. D. H. Barker, W. M. Anderson of Reno.

Will transact a general Banking Business. Mining and other stock bought and sold on commission. Agents for several first-class Insurance Companies.

PACIFIC STATES Savings, Loan and Building Company

Of San Francisco, Cal.

ROOM 19, SAFE DEPOSIT BUILDING.

JOHN H. WISE, President. W. H BUSCH, General Manager.
WM. PARDY, Secretary A. D HART, Assistant Manager.
WELLS, FARGO & CO'S BANK, Treas CAL. TITLE INS & TRUST CO Trustee.

LOCAL BOARD OF RENO:

T. K. HYMERS, ALLEN C. BRAGG, G W. BAKER,
C. J. BROOKINS, J. R. BRADLEY.

We call your attention to our mode of collection and the safeguards thrown around the funds of the company. The plan adopted by this company insures early maturity of shares and a profitable investment to the holders thereof.

The Pacific States Savings, Loan and Building Company is the only building and loan association doing a general business in the Pacific States that gives absolute security to its members against loss by misappropriation or extravagance, and that is under an experienced management.

It is in no sense a "National," its field of operation being confined to the Pacific States only.

Money Loaned at Reasonable Rates.

Apply for membership and further information to

ANY MEMBER OF THE LOCAL BOARD, or

J. W. OLDS, Arcade Hotel, Reno, Nevada. ap14

H. J. THYES,

JOBBER AND RETAIL DEALER IN

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS, FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING Reno Nevada. SOLE AGENT NEVADA for Schmidt & Co.'s SARSAPARILLA AND IRON WATER and THE NEW TONIC BEVERAGE ORANGINE, JUST OUT, shipped direct from Stockton or Reno

And Idanha Mineral Water, Empress of table waters, Idaho Soda Springs, Idaho.

Trade and Families supplied. Best goods at lowest prices.

First-Class Sideboard in Connection.

Reno Livery Stable,

JOHN POTHOFF, Prop'r

OPPOSITE DEPOT.

Livery and Feed Stable.

First-class turnouts at reasonable prices.

Transient Stock Carefully Provided for.

Dyeing and Cleaning.

E. OSBORN

SOLICITS THE PATRONAGE OF THE residents of Reno and vicinity in all branches of the above business.

The latest process of dry or chemical cleaning for fine goods.

RECEIVING HOUSE

For all goods and inquiries, JOHN SUNDERLAND'S STORE, Virginia Street. mch13

FOURTH OF JULY

A Red-Letter Day in Reno's History.

THE TOWN FULL OF VISITORS.

The Exercises at the Theater Intensely Interesting—Oration by Hon. Thomas Fitch in Full.

The firing of the cannon at daybreak yesterday told the populace that Independence Day had come, and that the One Hundred and Fourteenth Anniversary was about to be celebrated. On the early train from the west came many from Truckee, Boca, Verdi and intermediate points. Many came in from the North the day before, and yesterday the train was heavily loaded with people from that section.

At 10:30 the special from Virginia and Carson arrived, with eight cars filled with visiting military men, firemen and civilians, until the town was crowded almost to suffocation.

THE PROCESSION

Formed in front of the Court-house in the following order:

Marshal and aids.

Hastings' Cornet Band.

Brigadier-General C. W. Booton and staff, followed by the National Guard of Virginia, with 40 men strong, commanded by Captain Morgan, and they presented a very fine and soldierly appearance.

Then came the Reno Guard of about 40 men, under command of Captain C. H. Stoddard, followed by their Gatling gun, fully commanded and drawn by four grey horses.

The military added much to the procession, and was a credit to the town.

Liberty Hose Company, with 66 men, came next, and looked as if they could, with a little help from the Warren Hose Company of Carson, which was in line with 25 men and a handsomely decorated hose carriage, put out most any kind of a fire.

They were followed by our own Fire Department, which was a prominent feature in the procession.

The President, Orator, Chaplain, Reader and Poet in carriages were next in order.

Next the Car of State, containing representatives of the nations, 43 States and 5 Territories, and it is but just to say that this representation and Floral Car which followed it were superior to anything in that line ever seen in Reno.

George and Martha Washington, seated on No. 6 hose cart, represented by the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Campbell and the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Blanchard, were appropriately dressed and looked very pretty.

Then followed the representation of some of the leading industries of the town, the first being the White sewing machines and Shoemaker & Ruth's drug store; R. C. Leeper's harness and saddle shop; the Cyclone windmills, carriages, reapers and rakes; Coffin & Larcombe's grocery store; Dr. Fredrick's dental rooms; Dixon Bros.'s butchering business; Westlake's boot and shoe business; Reno Planing Mill Company, in which both the lumber yard and mill were represented; J. F. Aitken's ice and draying business, represented by ten vehicles, the rear being brought up by citizens in carriages, altogether making the best appointed parade ever seen in the town.

THE EXERCISES AT THE THEATER.

Were highly entertaining and instructive as well. They opened with music by Hasting's Cornet Band, followed by a prayer by the Chaptain, Rev. Wm. Lucas. Chairman Hymers of the Committee of Arrangements then introduced Hon. Wm. Webster, as President of the Day, in a few well-chosen words.

In calling the assemblage to order, Mr. Webster said:

Again we are assembled to commemorate the deeds and heroism of the heroes of the Revolution, whose deeds and achievements are summed in the word "Liberty."

Independence declared on the 4th day July, 1776, by some of the most self-denying and noble men then living on the earth made liberty as they understood it, and as we understand, it possible.

The greatness of these men and the grandness of their work was not recognized by the civilized or the enlightened in the world. In their work, like the flower bud were the hidden beauties of future development.

Their work, like the unfolding bud in the light of a summer sun, becomes more beautiful and more sublime in its outlines as the light of a more universal intelligence is thrown upon it.

Their work, like the oak when shaken by the storm, becomes more strong and more grand when broken by the cyclone of war and adversity, thus showing that the valor of the fathers has been transmitted to the sons of the republic, and the legacy so dearly won, but barely and freely bestowed by noble sires, has been and is in the possession, under the protection and direction of worthy sons.

The choir, with Miss Quaiffe as pianist and composed of Messrs. Parry and Evans, Miss Annie Becker and Mrs. Bready, sang a choice selection which was well rendered, followed by the reading of the Declaration of Independence by Col. R. H. Lindsay. Col. Lindsay brought out all the points in that grand old document.

Mrs. Wells, the National Organizer of the W. C. T. U., was here introduced, and gave a few minutes talk in behalf of the women of the nation.

Next followed the poem by Miss Onie Gould, which was well read and received with much applause.

Ex-Congressman Thomas Fitch, the Orator of the Day, was then introduced, who for 45 minutes held the audience spell-bound. His eloquent oration was interrupted by frequent and prolonged applause, which resulted in a complete ovation at its conclusion, and which Mr. Fitch was compelled to acknowledge before its cessation. Following is the oration:

FELLOW COUNTRYMEN: What can I hope to say that shall be either new or instructive upon a theme so hackneyed as that which occupies our thoughts to-day?

Is there an American-born boy of fourteen years of age in all the land who does not understand the significance of our national celebration, and whose heart does not swell with patriotic pride at the reflection that he is one of the heirs of so grand a heritage of nationality as ours?

OUR ESTATE.

Any citizen of this least populous of forty-four homogeneous and contiguous commonwealths is also an equal citizen of the mighty nation which at once encircles and permeates them all, and he may, at will, with no other qualification than a few months' sojourn, become invested with the local citizenship of New York, of California, of Minnesota or of Louisiana.

We are joint proprietors and tenants in common in the United States of America, and it is well that we should, at least once in each year, recall the origin, the growth, and the greatness of our estate.

THE DECLARATION.

One hundred and fourteen years ago the Continental Congress, after days of debate, reached the conclusion announced in the document to whose stately phrases you have listened to-day, and it was a conclusion more momentous in its consequences than any which ever influenced the destinies of mankind.

The sentences of the declaration constituted a spell whose sorcery was to speak a people into freedom, a nation into life, and a continent into such mighty and beneficent development as should bless humanity and amaze a world.

All great movements of history have been the offspring of singleness of purpose; all great reforms have been accomplished by enthusiasts who refused to accept compromise or submit to abatement of their demands.

It was fortunate indeed, that the contending spirits of the Revolution of 1776 were men whose clear vision pierced the mists of uncertainty, whose brave hearts defied the apparent odds against them, and whose wise and burning words uplifted and aroused a race.

THOMAS JEFFERSON.

Chief among the chieftains of that mighty hour here stands outlined against the sky of history the imposing figure of Thomas Jefferson.

He was by impulse and by habit of thought a self-trained hater of kings, and his spirit was eagle-winged in its searchings for the uppermost ether of liberty.

The Declaration of Independence which he framed is a knitted chain of logic and a persuasive and passionate appeal. Even at this day it stirs the blood like the blare of trumpets.

It proves the government of George the Third to have been the most unconscionable of tyrannies; it states the case of the colonists with the force of a demonstration in mathematics, and with the poetic beauty of a song of David; it is Mirabeau's ideal definition of eloquence, "reason permeated and made hot with passion;" it is at once the protocol and the epic of the Revolution; its diction is as faultless as its spirit is high; it is the most powerful and most beautiful state document in all history.

It was mainly the work of the lofty, audacious, freedom-seeking, humanity-loving brain of Thomas Jefferson.

When he said that "all men are created equal," he gathered the advanced thought of the century into a sentence, which, heated with the passion of revolution, was hurled into the faces of Kings; and he formulated and inspired and set in motion the revolution which Washington afterwards directed and led to victory in the field.

THE WORK OF JEFFERSON.

It was Jefferson's mission to inaugurate a cause, to inspire a people to demonstrate philosophies, to agitate reforms, and to aid in securing the results of victory, but not to guide or promote the movement of armies. He left the conflicts of the field to those gifted with military genius, while he chose the task of imparting an anti-monarchial direction to the new Government which he foresaw must issue from the war.

After the 4th of July, 1776, Jefferson's field of labor was, for a time, in his own State. Virginia was, in those days, the stronghold of both revolution and aristocracy, for her landholders while freely jeopardizing their lives and their estates upon the issue of independence, were yet reluctant to surrender laws and customs imported from the mother country even when such laws and customs were incompatible with the existence of a republican form of government.

The cavaliers had carried primogeniture, and entail, and union of Church and State from England to Virginia, and the task of changing the ancient laws to conform to the new conditions was assumed and performed by Thomas Jefferson. His humanity secured the abolition of cruel punishments in the criminal code, his democracy pleaded for the establishment of the free public school system, and the ordinance of 1787, by which slavery was excluded from the Northwest Territory, was the creature of his brain.

An independent Government was from the first the inevitable outcome of the war for independence, but, except for the efforts of Thomas Jefferson and his coadjutors, such Government might have been an American monarchy instead of an American Republic, for all of the political literature of that day indicates that the revolution of 1776 was in its inception directed more against George the Third personally than against monarchial government; and more against the powers asserted by the British Parliament in America than against either king or monarchy.

Thomas Jefferson, the political philosopher, George Washington, the soldier, and John Adams, the statesman and diplomat, constitute the illustrious triumvirate of American revolutionary history, and without the work of each the others might not have succeeded in creating establishing and guiding the new nation.

GEORGE WASHINGTON.

The greatness of the services of George Washington can only be adequately estimated by comprehending the conditions of the military contest which began at Lexington in 1775 and ended at Yorktown in 1783. The colonists were weak in material resources, and were without trained soldiers or captains who had seen service, while Great Britain lacked for no aids or appliances which abundant wealth could provide, and she was able to command the services not only of her own veterans, but of the mercenary legions of Continental Europe.

When Washington assumed command of the American army it consisted of less than fifteen thousand men fit for duty, and they had been hastily collected from all the Colonies, without adequate food supply, or clothing, or tents, and with only ammunition sufficient to furnish each soldier with nine cartridges. In eight months he had disciplined and recruited his army to such efficiency that he drove the British out of Boston, and, though he was unable to hold New York, he led the enemy such a disastrous dance through New Jersey, and made such masterly movements on the Delaware, that Fredrick the Great pronounced them "the most brilliant achievements recorded in military annals," and sent him his royal portrait, accompanied by the words, "From the oldest General in Europe, to the greatest General in the world."

If the true test of generalship consists not in numbers marshaled for battle, but in the results achieved in proportion to the forces employed, then the greatness of Washington's New Jersey campaign was not dwarfed even by the Titanic battle of our Civil War. To day, of all the days in the year, it is our privilege and our joy to forget the later contests of brethren engaged in domestic strife, and to recall with pride how the "Old Fox," as Lord Howe designated him, turned upon the enemy, wrested victory from the jaws of defeat, and, with his ragged, and hungry, and half-armed Continentals, met the trained veterans of Europe flying in disaster from every field between the Hudson and the Schulkill.

THE SPIRIT OF THE FATHERS.

Yet even the courage and strategic genius of Washington might not have availed to establish the revolutionary cause, had it not been for the spirit of sacrifice and of steadfastness which possessed the American people.

In those days the voters selected merit and not money, brains and not bank accounts for the public service. British gold was as powerless as British steel to control the fathers, and Arnold was the only traitor.

There was a public spirit that made the successful betrayal of public trusts impossible. If there had been one member of the Congress of 1776 justly suspected of having received money to favor the interests of Great Britain, he would have been promptly thrown out of the window of Independence Hall, and he would never have reached the ground, for his fall would have been stopped by a rope.

The Declaration of Independence was possible, the success of the revolution was possible, the formation of a republican Government was possible, only because there existed a pure public spirit, a spirit of patriotism which caused each man to guard the general rights as zealously as he guarded his own, and to resent any invasion of those rights as promptly as he would have resented an invasion of his own.

When the shadow of an unauthorized armed soldier fell across the threshold of one man in Massachusetts, it fell across the threshold of every man from New Hampshire to Georgia.

PATRIOTIC MOTIVES.

It would have been cheaper to pay the stamp tax than to go to war about it, it would have been more comfortable to drink the tea than to steep the waters of Boston bay with it; but our fathers believed in making personal sacrifices for the public good, and because they so believed, and lived their belief, the United States of America was placed upon the map of the world. Our fathers interested themselves in public affairs from patriotic and not from sordid motives, and because they so interested themselves treachery was rare and unpunished treachery impossible.

Not ambition, not love of gain, not love of power, but patriotism inspired those who fought with clubbed muskets at Bunker Hill, who crimsoned the snows of Valley Forge with their shoeless feet, who followed the gleam of Mad Anthony's sword up against the streaming fire of Stony Point, who cheerfully suffered hunger, and cold and wounds, and who shouted the songs of liberty as they went down to the red death of battle in order that this Republic might live; live as a beacon of hope to the world, live as a heritage of liberty to mankind.

THE BAPTISM.

What expressions of gratitude, what devotion to high public aims, what renunciation of selfish and unworthy public purposes can most fitly signalize our appreciation of those devoted men who stood by the cradle of the Republic one hundred and fourteen years ago?

The mists of time and distance are cleared away by the white light of patriotic memory that is shining upon our faces to-day, and we behold them gathered about Liberty's altar. John Adams, the Boston lawyer, patient and determined; Samuel Adams, the Boston merchant, enthusiastic, passionate and uncompromising; Benjamin Franklin, philosopher, humanitarian and patriot; Thomas Jefferson, foreman of the Grand Jury that indicted a king; the Virginia Lees, descendents of plumed cavaliers; Sherman and Trumbull, descendents of Cromwell's Ironsides; Philip Livingston, descended from the grim Dutchmen who opened the dykes and gave their land to the ocean rather than surrender their liberties; Robert Morris, who tossed his wealth into the vortex of revolution as lightly as a lover bestows upon his mistress the hard won favors of the tourney.

These were the priests and sponsors at the baptism of the new born nation. In her name they renounced the wiles of King-craft and the pomp of thrones; in her name they professed allegiance to the creed of human liberty, and their voices of supplication went up to the ruler of the Universe that the new life of liberty might be raised up in our land, that all forms of tyranny might die in her, that all belongings of liberty might live and grow in her, that she might have power and strength to have victory, and to triumph against the force of tyrants, and the craft of traitors, and the temptations of corruption.

JOHN ADAMS.

The contest for independence did not terminate with the surrender of Cornwallis and the negotiation of a treaty of peace. The new nation, which the pen of Jefferson had formulated and the sword of Washington had established, might have been speedily tangled and strangled to death in the meshes of European diplomacy but for the foresight and adroitness and courage of John Adams.

I dislike to refuse the invitation of the distinguished gentlemen who have requested a fourth of July oration throughout the country to give a generous place in their speeches to the liberality exhibited by France in aiding us in our revolutionary struggle, and so promote the efforts of the New York Society which is not now doing anything towards the erection of the promised Grant monument, but which is raising a fund to procure and send from America to France "a suitable testimonial of gratitude," but the truth of history is that the aid extended during the Revolutionary War to the United States by France, then under the rule of a Bourbon King, was not the offspring of any sentimental wish on the part of Louis the sixteenth to promote the establishment of a republic upon this continent, nor was it born of any especial spirit of friendship to us; but it came of a desire to cripple and, if possible, destroy the power of England, with which nation France was then at war.

Aid was extended in a spirit of "all for France and nothing for the rest of the world." An amusing illustration of this feeling is still extant in one of the great historical paintings exhibited at Versailles, supposed to represent the surrender of Cornwallis. The painting is labeled "Rochambeau and Washington at Yorktown," and the central figure in it is the Count Rochambau, with Washington in the background modestly and admiringly gazing at the great French general, and apparently holding his horse.

TREACHERY OF FRANCE.

With the surrender of Cornwallis and the consequent cessation of hostilities between Great Britain and the United States, the interest of France in our welfare ceased, and the Count Vergennes, the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, exerted his wiliest and most unscrupulous diplomacy against our interests. He succeeded in blinding honest and unsuspecting Benjamin Franklin to his purpose, which was to sacrifice American interests in the Newfoundland fisheries, and in the territory between the Alleghenies and the Mississippi in favor of Spain, and to keep the United States in a position of dependence upon France, and prevent us from negotiating favorable treaties of amity and commerce with other nations, as was equally Holland.

In all these efforts he was outwitted by wily John Adams, who first secured from the Dutch government a favorable treaty and a loan of two millions of dollars, and then hurried to Paris where, in connection with John Jay, he overruled Franklin, baffled the intrigues and treachery of Vergennes, courageously disregarded the unwise and pusillanimous instructions of the American Congress, circumvented "the surly and irreconcilable George the Third," and negotiated a treaty with England which secured us the Mississippi valley and a share of the American fisheries, not as a privilege but as a right. It was well said by a distinguished author: "On the part of the Americans the treaty of 1783 deserves to be ranked as one of the most brilliant triumphs of modern diplomacy."

THE GROWTH OF ONE HUNDRED YEARS.

The history of our republic from the time of the inauguration of George Washington as first President of the United States, includes a hundred years of marvelous achievement in every field of human effort, and marvelous growth in every phase of human life.

To-day we have the largest civilized population and the largest internal commerce of any civilized nation on earth, while our foreign commerce equals that of the German Empire, and is surpassed only by Great Britain and France.

At the same ratio of increase the child is born who, if he lives to the age of eighty, will behold here a nation of five hundred millions of people, possessed of such vast wealth, resources and power, that the mind grows dizzy with their contemplation.

When the Declaration of Independence was first read the great lakes washed the roots of primeval forests, or beat against prairie shores echoless to the tread of civilized man. Now a line of cities stretches from the shores of Ontario beyond the pictured rocks of Lake Superior, even to the beach of the western sea.

Then the tranquil currents of western rivers were ripped only by the Indians' canoe, now barges of commerce beat foaming paths through every affluent of the Father of Waters.

Then the western slopes of the Alleghanies looked upon treacherous solitudes, now couriers of fire make the night hurried as they journey between the hundred cities of the Great Basin.

Then the unwedded elements pined in unfruitful loneliness, now the offspring of steam have vivified the once dormant mechanic arts.

Then the lightning flashed in uncurbed lawlessness, now it bends its neck to the harness of science; it is used as a beast of burden, and it has become the very slave of the lamp.

Then the housewife turned her wheel as she slowly prepared flax or wool for gown or garment, now spindles hum and shuttles are thrown to the music of turbines wharled by rivers.

Then the distant seas were searched for whales, whose oil was almost the only illuminating material in use, now petroleum spouts from the recesses of the wounded rocks, the spirit of hydro-carbon leaps in flame at the turning of a faucet, and the electric light gleams wherever coal can be mined or a cataract imprisoned.

Then prying Abigail listened at the parlor door when she wished to learn the neighbors' secrets, now scientific Bridget steps to the telephone when the bell rings, and learns the nature of Mrs. Jones' order for dinner, and the reason assigned by Mr. Jones for not being present to carve it.

Then, if you desired to hear a Fourth of July oration you were compelled to crowd into the hall upon a hot day and wonder if the speaker never would get through, now you can set a phonograph running and catch every tone upon the cylinders and have the speech repeated to you in your own room while you go to sleep comfortably.

Then the howitzer and the hand grenade, now the rifled Columbiad and the dynamo gun.

Then the wooden ship, with a month's passage across the Atlantic, now the steel steamer making the trip in six days.

Then the stage-coach, now the locomotive.

Then the horseman, now the telegraph.

Then the engineer with his diving bell felt elated when with a few hundred pounds of black powder he blew out a few tons of rock, now science with subaqueous steamers and compressed air engines places a hundred and fifty tons of dynamite in position, and with the touch of a child's finger upon an electric battery, upheaves and sweeps out of the paths of commerce the very foundations of the seas of hell.

In all material developments, in all mental growth, in the aggregation of wealth, in the ease of physical life, in travel, in traffic, in subjugation of the forces and exposure of the marvels of nature we have made mighty growth.

Here too, the eloquence of art speaks in thrilling tones from lips of marble and bronze, or shines from canvased walls.

Here music breathes the symphonies of Heaven's own tongue.

Here the dramatic art throbs in life-full verity its lessons to man.

Here architecture has erected palaces and shafts and domes that would have won the praise of Augelo.

Here the doors of hospitals swing open at the sight of human suffering.

Here libraries yield their treasures and professors their erudition without cost to the seekers for learning.

Here the brandig iron and the thong have been banished from penal institutions.

Here no slave's presence dishonors labor, and no freeman's utterances are choked by the hand of power.

Here the pageant of material prosperity rushes daily on wings of fire over one hundred and sixty thousand miles of iron rail.

Here the lightning sounds the eternal peon of progress upon "thoughts million chorded lyres."

Here the iron barges of commerce smite the abject seas with their conquering feet.

Here the sun draws pictures, and the microscope reveals the secrets of life, and sanitary science prolongs and sweetens it, and discovery has made the existence of the laborer more luxurious than that of a barbarian king.

Here science pursues unchecked and encouraged her mighty march, until ships propelled by electricity and stored with oxygen sail with their human freight in the depths of the sea, and the air humbly awaits the hour when her secrets shall be divulged and her empyrean heights scaled by man.

Who can say if without the Declaration of Independence even a tithe of the inventions which have blessed and illuminated the century, would have been made?

Freedom unfetters the energies, and uplifts the souls and illumines the brains of her votaries.

Despotisms produce Cesars and Napoleons, but Watts and McCormicks and Stowes.

All the centuries from Charlemagne to the last Hohenzollern, with all the universities fostered by kings, never developed an Edison. He was God's gift to the Republic alone.

OUR GREATNESS.

In what other land and at what other age might have been witnessed even such a scene as this day confronts us?

Though this audience is gathered from a few thousand people living upon the shores of an interior state, yet it contains representatives of many races and creeds and climes. Distinctive in feature yet homogeneous in purpose, many in origin, yet one in the a or inspired by the occasion, the grandeur of the people is assembled here as elsewhere in ten thousand towns and cities in America to render homage to those who strained their prophetic eyes to catch a glimpse of the possibilities with which we are surrounded.

O how many ages is this the fruitage?

How many centuries of toil and tears, how much of the blood of martyrs and the vigilant care of heroes have been expended in the nurturing of this tree of liberty, which now flings its sheltering and succoring branches over a continent?

OUR ORIGIN.

From what distant and diverse sources may we not trace the affluents of the cosmical ocean of human life which this day surges upon the shores of forty-four States and our Territories?

Away and away to the land where the Pyrenees uprear their purple summits above the sunny plains of Spain, or where the Mediterranean moans the requiem of lost empires and the cradle songs of new republics, or where the Alps with cowls of snow look down upon lands that have been soddened with thirty centuries of battle, or where the Rhine glides between vine-clad banks surmounted with crumbling castles, or where art and glory and crime and sorrow and industry glitter and sigh and struggle upon the soil of France, or where the Vikings battled with the breath of icy seas, or where the sunshine and the mists of Ireland smile, or where our English ancestors worked and wrangled and battled and explored and colonized and adventured and accumulated—from all these distant and diverse sources the Republic gathers her mighty life.

For a hundred years they have come to us from every land. They have escaped from sterile soils, they have unloosed the chains with which caste binds manhood, they have come with strong arms and buoyant hearts to the land of the free, and we have welcomed their coming.

The fair-browed Saxon, the quick-brained Gaul, the patient powerful German, the generous, impulsive Irishman, the poetic Italian, the swarthy Spaniard, and the sturdy Swede are all massed in Vergennes, courageously disregarded the unwise and pusillanimous instructions of the American Congress, circumvented "the surly and irreconcilable George the Third," and negotiated a treaty with England which secured us the Mississippi valley and a share of the American fisheries, not as a privilege but as a right. It was well said by a distinguished author: "On the part of the Americans the treaty of 1783 deserves to be ranked as one of the most brilliant triumphs of modern diplomacy."

THE GROWTH OF ONE HUNDRED YEARS.

The history of our republic from the time of the inauguration of George Washington as first President of the United States, includes a hundred years of marvelous achievement in every field of human effort, and marvelous growth in every phase of human life.

To-day we have the largest civilized population and the largest internal commerce of any civilized nation on earth, while our foreign commerce equals that of the German Empire, and is surpassed only by Great Britain and France.

At the same ratio of increase the child is born who, if he lives to the age of eighty, will behold here a nation of five hundred millions of people, possessed of such vast wealth, resources and power, that the mind grows dizzy with their contemplation.

When the Declaration of Independence was first read the great lakes washed the roots of primeval forests, or beat against prairie shores echoless to the tread of civilized man. Now a line of cities stretches from the shores of Ontario beyond the pictured rocks of Lake Superior, even to the beach of the western sea.

Then the tranquil currents of western rivers were ripped only by the Indians' canoe, now barges of commerce beat foaming paths through every affluent of the Father of Waters.

The native western slopes of the Alleghanies looked upon treacherous solitudes, now couriers of fire make the night hurried as they journey between the hundred cities of the Great Basin.

Then the unwedded elements pined in unfruitful loneliness, now the offspring of steam have vivified the once dormant mechanic arts.

Then the lightning flashed in uncurbed lawlessness, now it bends its neck to the harness of science; it is used as a beast of burden, and it has become the very slave of the lamp.

Then the housewife turned her wheel as she slowly prepared flax or wool for gown or garment, now spindles hum and shuttles are thrown to the music of turbines wharled by rivers.

Then the distant seas were searched for whales, whose oil was almost the only illuminating material in use, now petroleum spouts from the recesses of the wounded rocks, the spirit of hydro-carbon leaps in flame at the turning of a faucet, and the electric light gleams wherever coal can be mined or a cataract imprisoned.

Then prying Abigail listened at the parlor door when she wished to learn the neighbors' secrets, now scientific Bridget steps to the telephone when the bell rings, and learns the nature of Mrs. Jones' order for dinner, and the reason assigned by Mr. Jones for not being present to carve it.

Then, if you desired to hear a Fourth of July oration you were compelled to crowd into the hall upon a hot day and wonder if the speaker never would get through, now you can set a phonograph running and catch every tone upon the cylinders and have the speech repeated to you in your own room while you go to sleep comfortably.

Then the howitzer and the hand grenade, now the rifled Columbiad and the dynamo gun.

Then the wooden ship, with a month's passage across the Atlantic, now the steel steamer making the trip in six days.

Then the stage-coach, now the locomotive.

Then the horseman, now the telegraph.

Then the engineer with his diving bell felt elated when with a few hundred pounds of black powder he blew out a few tons of rock, now science with subaqueous steamers and compressed air engines places a hundred and fifty tons of dynamite in position, and with the touch of a child's finger upon an electric battery, upheaves and sweeps out of the paths of commerce the very foundations of the seas of hell.

In all material developments, in all mental growth, in the aggregation of wealth, in the ease of physical life, in travel, in traffic, in subjugation of the forces and exposure of the marvels of nature we have made mighty growth.

Here too, the eloquence of art speaks in thrilling tones from lips of marble and bronze, or shines from canvased walls.

Here music breathes the symphonies of Heaven's own tongue.

Here the dramatic art throbs in life-full verity its lessons to man.

Here architecture has erected palaces and shafts and domes that would have won the praise of Augelo.

Here the doors of hospitals swing open at the sight of human suffering.

Here libraries yield their treasures and professors their erudition without cost to the seekers for learning.

Here the brandig iron and the thong have been banished from penal institutions.

Here no slave's presence dishonors labor, and no freeman's utterances are choked by the hand of power.

Here the pageant of material prosperity rushes daily on wings of fire over one hundred and sixty thousand miles of iron rail.

Here the lightning sounds the eternal peon of progress upon "thoughts million chorded lyres."

Here the iron barges of commerce smite the abject seas with their conquering feet.

Here the sun draws pictures, and the microscope reveals the secrets of life, and sanitary science prolongs and sweetens it, and discovery has made the existence of the laborer more luxurious than that of a barbarian king.

Here science pursues unchecked and encouraged her mighty march, until ships propelled by electricity and stored with oxygen sail with their human freight in the depths of the sea, and the air humbly awaits the hour when her secrets shall be divulged and her empyrean heights scaled by man.

Who can say if without the Declaration of Independence even a tithe of the inventions which have blessed and illuminated the century, would have been made?

Freedom unfetters the energies, and uplifts the souls and illumines the brains of her votaries.

Despotisms produce Cesars and Napoleons, but Watts and McCormicks and Stowes.

All the centuries from Charlemagne to the last Hohenzollern, with all the universities fostered by kings, never developed an Edison. He was God's gift to the Republic alone.

OUR GREATNESS.

In what other land and at what other age might have been witnessed even such a scene as this day confronts us?

Though this audience is gathered from a few thousand people living upon the shores of an interior state, yet it contains representatives of many races and creeds and climes. Distinctive in feature yet homogeneous in purpose, many in origin, yet one in the a or inspired by the occasion, the grandeur of the people is assembled here as elsewhere in ten thousand towns and cities in America to render homage to those who strained their prophetic eyes to catch a glimpse of the possibilities with which we are surrounded.

O how many ages is this the fruitage?

How many centuries of toil and tears, how much of the blood of martyrs and the vigilant care of heroes have been expended in the nurturing of this tree of liberty, which now flings its sheltering and succoring branches over a continent?

OUR ORIGIN.

From what distant and diverse sources may we not trace the affluents of the cosmical ocean of human life which this day surges upon the shores of forty-four States and our Territories?

Away and away to the land where the Pyrenees uprear their purple summits above the sunny plains of Spain, or where the Mediterranean moans the requiem of lost empires and the cradle songs of new republics, or where the Alps with cowls of snow look down upon lands that have been soddened with thirty centuries of battle, or where the Rhine glides between vine-clad banks surmounted with crumbling castles, or where art and glory and crime and sorrow and industry glitter and sigh and struggle upon the soil of France, or where the Vikings battled with the breath of icy seas, or where the sunshine and the mists of Ireland smile, or where our English ancestors worked and wrangled and battled and explored and colonized and adventured and accumulated—from all these distant and diverse sources the Republic gathers her mighty life.

For a hundred years they have come to us from every land. They have escaped from sterile soils, they have unloosed the chains with which caste binds manhood, they have come with strong arms and buoyant hearts to the land of the free, and we have welcomed their coming.

The fair-browed Saxon, the quick-brained Gaul, the patient powerful German, the generous, impulsive Irishman, the poetic Italian, the swarthy Spaniard, and the sturdy Swede are all massed in Vergennes, courageously disregarded the unwise and pusillanimous instructions of the American Congress, circumvented "the surly and irreconcilable George the Third," and negotiated a treaty with England which secured us the Mississippi valley and a share of the American fisheries, not as a privilege but as a right. It was well said by a distinguished author: "On the part of the Americans the treaty of 1783 deserves to be ranked as one of the most brilliant triumphs of modern diplomacy."

THE GROWTH OF ONE HUNDRED YEARS.

The history of our republic from the time of the inauguration of George Washington as first President of the United States, includes a hundred years of marvelous achievement in every field of human effort, and marvelous growth in every phase of human life.

To-day we have the largest civilized population and the largest internal commerce of any civilized nation on earth, while our foreign commerce equals that of the German Empire, and is surpassed only by Great Britain and France.

At the same ratio of increase the child is born who, if he lives to the age of eighty, will behold here a nation of five hundred millions of people, possessed of such vast wealth, resources and power, that the mind grows dizzy with their contemplation.

When the Declaration of Independence was first read the great lakes washed the roots of primeval forests, or beat against prairie shores echoless to the tread of civilized man. Now a line of cities stretches from the shores of Ontario beyond the pictured rocks of Lake Superior, even to the beach of the western sea.

Then the tranquil currents of western rivers were ripped only by the Indians' canoe, now barges of commerce beat foaming paths through every affluent of the Father of Waters.

The native western slopes of the Alleghanies looked upon treacherous solitudes, now couriers of fire make the night hurried as they journey between the hundred cities of the Great Basin.

Then the unwedded elements pined in unfruitful loneliness, now the offspring of steam have vivified the once dormant mechanic arts.

Then the lightning flashed in uncurbed lawlessness, now it bends its neck to the harness of science; it is used as a beast of burden, and it has become the very slave of the lamp.

Then the housewife turned her wheel as she slowly prepared flax or wool for gown or garment, now spindles hum and shuttles are thrown to the music of turbines wharled by rivers.

Then the distant seas were searched for whales, whose oil was almost the only illuminating material in use, now petroleum spouts from the recesses of the wounded rocks, the spirit of hydro-carbon leaps in flame at the turning of a faucet, and the electric light gleams wherever coal can be mined or a cataract imprisoned.

Then prying Abigail listened at the parlor door when she wished to learn the neighbors' secrets, now scientific Bridget steps to the telephone when the bell rings, and learns the nature of Mrs. Jones' order for dinner, and the reason assigned by Mr. Jones for not being present to carve it.

Then, if you desired to hear a Fourth of July oration you were compelled to crowd into the hall upon a hot day and wonder if the speaker never would get through, now you can set a phonograph running and catch every tone upon the

rank all the centers of Europe, except Castellar, Bismarck or Gladstone will occupy no greater place in history than Lincoln and Seward, and never a Captain, from Cæsar to Von Moltke, can compare in greatness of achievement with our Grant.

OUR FAULTS.

That we have as a people faults, and errors, and crudities in political, in social and in business life, and most of all in political life, may not be denied. That such must be corrected if we would save our Republic from the fate of those who have gone before may not be gainsayed. Rome dated her decline from the time when her new-made Emperors began the practice of donating money to the soldiers of the Pretorian Guard, who elected them.

THE NEW BAPTISM.

To-day of all the days in the year should we resolve to extirpate the evils which threaten us, for to-day we come again in spirit to the baptismal font before which our fathers gathered on that July afternoon one hundred and fifteen years ago.

We may hear the welcoming anthem of the nations. Italy, unified and free from the Alps to the Adriatic, sends forth mighty notes. From the shores of Spain the music of Castelar's voice arises in prophetic strains of promise of the freedom soon to dawn. Republican France joins in the grand diapason, and—even out of the darkness in which she is yet imprisoned beautiful Ireland raises in ecstatic notes of greeting to Liberty a voice sweetened by the sobs of seven hundred years.

Amid these swelling chords let us stand uncovered before the Presence, and renew the vows and the supplications of our Priests and Sponsors.

Give us, O Power that spins and cuts the threads of national as of individual life; give us swift and prolonged banishment from the public councils of all who seek to gain place by purchase of men's honor.

Give us enforcement of the laws against bribery, and let them be enforced against both briber and bribed, even if the Senate of the United States be left without a quorum.

Give us no single State Legislature east or west in which there shall be a majority deserving to wear the convict's stripes.

Give us courts over all the land where golden fingers may never approach the bandage upon the eyes of justice.

Give us public treasurers who will not jeopardize the public money upon the stock exchange, and whose first official act will not be to study the extradition laws.

Give us in our great cities local officers who will not wear the collars and gyves of "bosses."

And place courage and patriotism and honor in the hearts of all the voters, so that among them there shall be none who for money, or office, or the gratification of personal aims or hates will be ready to debauch their manhood at the ballot box, and barter for a mess of vile pottage the birth-right that the fathers bequeathed them.

Grant, O God of the Nations, that the new life of liberty may be raised up in our land; that all forms of tyranny may die in her; that all inspirations of liberty may live and grow in her; that she may have power and strength to have victory over those who would dishonor her, and to triumph against those whose evil counsels would destroy her.

Receive her once more into the congregation of Freedom's flock, sign her once more with the sign of Freedom's faith, and let the stars upon her banner gleam as beacons of hope to the world until time shall be no more.

THE BANQUETS.

The ladies of the Women's Christian Temperance Union arranged the tables and eatables for the Reno Guard and their guests, and everything was neat as wax. The ladies volunteered their services, the only return they asked being that the company would have no wines or liquors at the feast, and, as a consequence, a more happy, sober gathering never sat at a table.

The Relief Corps did the same for the fire laddies, with the same conditions as those made by the W. C. T. U. to the military—that there were to be no wines or liquors on the table—and everything passed very pleasantly indeed. The Reno boys spread themselves entertaining their guests, and many were the praises showered upon them by the Gold Hill and Carson firemen. The ladies of the Relief Corps, too, came in for a generous share of the approbation.

FIREWORKS—AN ACCIDENT.

The wind-up of the glorious Fourth went out in a gorgeous blaze of fireworks that attracted apparently every man woman and child from every section of the valley, so dense was the throng on the plaza. It proved to be a manifest treat, and but for an unfortunate mishap, was a splendid success. The Fourth of July Committee had contracted for the fireworks with the firm of H. Fisher & Co. of Sacramento, who sent an expert up to superintend the details.

While he and his corps of assistants were busy at work firing rockets and bombs, a young lad of 13, named Roy Brown, threw a lighted firecracker over the rope stretched to keep back the populace, into a large box of fireworks. In an instant there was a swirl of exploding bombs, blue lights and sweeping rockets in the very heart of the dense crowd. A number of persons were seriously burned, but fortunately there was no loss of life.

H. A. Smith, salesman with W. O. H. Martin, was struck on the calf of the leg with an exploding bomb, receiving a number of extremely painful bruises.

Willie McLaughlin, the 14-year-old son of W. P. McLaughlin, bookkeeper for Folsom & Wells, was severely burnt on his right leg from the knee down.

Willie Bowman, son of Lawyer Bowman, was struck in the left cheek and severely burnt by a bomb and burnt on the arm and leg.

The worst victim was the 9-year-old boy of Charles McCullough of Verdi, who will be laid up for some time with severe burns.

The injured boys were taken to the drug store of Shoemaker & Ruth and medical aid called, and to-day are reported as doing well.

During the blazing fusilade a huge rocket, with a fiery hiss, went crashing against the front of Wieland's Saloon, breaking the half-inch rustic weatherboarding, and nearly penetrating into the saloon.

During the stampede of the frightened crowd many persons were crushed and trampled upon, and one woman is reported seriously hurt.

The complete success of the entire day's proceedings was mainly due to Chairman T. K. Hymers, E. C. Leadbetter, and that other committee composed of Messrs. Foley, Booton and Flint, who collected the sinews of war.

Especial credit is due to Messrs. Leeper and Bradshaw, who organized a most excellent "horrible" parade, which afforded unbounded amusement to all, their burlesques on all subjects touched upon having been unapproachable.

A Runaway

Last evening, as John Daniels and E. A. Moore were passing north on Virginia street behind one of Chancellor Derby's spirited teams, several bunches of firecrackers were exploded, causing what might have been a fatal runaway. The team was soon beyond Daniels' control, and both men were thrown out, bruising the driver's shoulder quite severely, but breaking no bones. The buckboard was badly crippled, but it was not learned whether the horses were damaged or not.

PALACE DRY GOODS HOUSE.

.... THE ....

PALACE DRY GOODS AND CARPET HOUSE

The Long Looked-For come at last!

OUR SUMMER CLEARANCE SALE!

Commencing Monday, July 7.

Every day some Special Bargain, and all must go Clean as a Whistle.

WE OPEN WITH 6 SPECIALTIES:

100 Pieces fine quality Dress Ginghams at 6¼ cents, usual price 12½ cents.

20 Pieces Dress Goods in plain and figured, down to 5 cents per yard.

5 Pieces Tennis Flannel, warranted

MISCELLANEOUS.

St JACOBS OIL

CURES PERMANENTLY

SPRAINS and STRAINS.

Athletes Praise it Highly.

656 Minna St., San Francisco, Cal., May 3, 1887.

Some time ago, while a member of the Olympic Athletic Club, I sprained my knee severely and suffered agony, but was speedily and completely cured by St. Jacobs Oil.

JOHN GARBUTT.

Jumped from Engine.

609 S. 17th St., Omaha, Neb., Sept. 22, 1888.

I jumped from an engine in collision, and strained my ankle very badly. I used canes for weeks. St. Jacobs Oil completely cured me.

G. ROEDER.

AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

LEGAL.

Assessment Notice.

OFFICE OF RENO ELECTRIC LIGHT and Power Company, a corporation—Principal place of business, Reno.—Location of works, Reno, Nevada.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of the Reno Electric Light and power Co., held on the 4th day of June, 1890, at the office of the company, an assessment (No 3) of thirty Cents per share, was levied upon each and every share of the capital stock of said company, payable immediately in United States gold coin; and any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on

Monday, the 7th day of July, 1890,

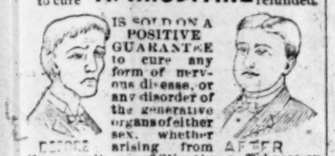
Shall be declared delinquent, and advertised for sale at public auction on the 7th day of August, 1890, at the office of the Company, Reno, Nevada, to pay such delinquent assessment cost of advertising and expenses of sale. By order of the Board.

W. G. CAFFERY, Secretary.

Reno, Nev., June 6, 1890.

The Celebrated French Cure,

Warranted to cure **APHRODITINE** or money refunded.



BEFORE AFTER

IS SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or any disorder of the generative organs of either sex, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through youthful indiscretion, over-indulgence, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Weakness, Bearing-Down Pains in the Back, Seminal Weakness, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Nocturnal Emissions, Leucorrœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power and Impotency, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price, $1 a box; 6 boxes for $5, sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young of both sexes permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address

THE APHRO MEDICINE CO.,
(Western Branch)
108 Stevenson St., San Francisco, Cal.

For sale by W. PINNIGER, druggist. 9aprspdwly

C. NOVACOVICH. H. J. BERRY.

BERRY & NOVACOVICH,

—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

Groceries, -:- Provisions.

FINE TEAS AND COFFEES,

Vegetables, : Fish : and : Oysters

In season.

FRUITS OF ALL KINDS,

Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Tobacco, Crockery.

We carry a fine assortment of FANCY GROCERIES

Commercial Row, Reno, Nevada.

UNION SALOON

Corner 2d and Virginia Streets,

RENO, NEVADA

CHASE & CHURICH, Proprietors.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF JESSE Moore and A. A. Whiskies. For Medicinal Purposes these celebrated brands have no equal. Our bar is always supplied with the choicest brands of Liquors, Wines and Cigars. All the latest publications on file. Fine Billiard and Card Room attached.

oct1f

For RED NOSES

RED and ROUGH HANDS.

SUNBURN, CHAFING

And all Skin Sores and Inflammation

Use MOORE'S CELEBRATED

POISON OAK REMEDY

It kills Pain, Irritation and Inflammation, and bleaches the skin white.

Price, 75 cents. All Druggists keep it.

Town Property.

I HAVE VERY DESIRABLE TOWN property for sale, situated in the pleasantest part of town

BUILDING LOTS

Suitable for dwellings with a commanding view, can be had at fair prices.

Also Choice Business Block.

If you wish to speculate or buy a home, call and see or address

WM. THOMPSON.

mch13tf Reno, Nev

Merchant Tailoring Goods

For Spring and Summer,

Ever before brought to Reno, has just been received by

Suits from $22 50 upward.
Pants from $6 50 upward.

H. LETER,

THE BON TON TAILOR.

Virginia St., Near Commercial Row

PROFESSOR ALFRED HAYMANSON

Of San Francisco,

BEGS LEAVE TO ANNOUNCE HIS ARrival in Reno, where he will locate permanently.

Thorough instruction in Vocal and Instrumental Music.

Will be given from the elementary to the finishing course. Pupils prepared for concert or opera if desired. The course of instruction will be identical with that pursued at the Royal Academy of Music, England.

Lots for Sale.

100 OR MORE ELIGIBLE BUILDING Lots for sale at easy prices and easy terms, south of the Truckee river, near head of Reno. Enquire of

THOS. E. HAYDON.

THE HOMES OF MY CHILDHOOD.

A Tale of Gotham.

I put it in the plural; yes,
I sing not of the vine-clad cot,
Where sped my youth, a golden day.
A blithesome dream—I knew it not.
I spent my primal month or two
Somewhere on Second avenue.

But ere my teeth came, we'd abode
In Nineteenth street—in Thirty-third;
Then bravely followed our van load
To Fortieth. But my first word
Was uttered in the region where
We next sojourned: Washington square.

Stuyvesant, too, my infant feet
There tarried; but I rolled my hoop
Up in West Sixty-seventh street;
In Bookman place I had the croup;
In Seventy-first street, East side,
The measles; after which we tried

Mott Haven, but subsequently
Came back to Harlem; after that
Moved twice a year. At present we
Are living in our thirteenth flat.
I sing not of a vine-clad cot,
I know it not, I knew it not!

—Emma A. Opper, in Puck.

END OF THE CAMPAIGN.

Result of the Conspiracy Between the Two Candidates.

Jasper Spillers and Mort Pryor were announced as candidates for sheriff of a backwoods county of North Carolina. Each man was known as a good fellow, and both were recognized as men of ability. Jasper could jump farther than any man in the county, but as an offset, Mort could beat him running. Mort could split more rails in a day than any man in the community, but was decidedly inferior to Jasper when it came to covering corn with a hoe. Mort was an acknowledged champion as a fodder-puller, but Jasper could beat him cradling grain. Upon the whole they were so nearly matched that the race, it could be seen, would be a close one, and even men of nerve were unable to decide as to which one they should bet on, knowing that a few votes either way would decide the matter.

One day during a shower of rain the two candidates happened to meet under an old shed near the roadside. "How air you gittin' along with yo' canvass, Mort?" Jasper asked, when he had tied his horse and run in out of the rain.

"Fustrate. Think I've knocked down two votes to-day."

"I reckon you'll need all you can knock down every day 'twixt now and the election, and I ruther think that it will stand you in hand to git as long a pole as you can find."

"Oh, I've got a putty long one already, and, by the way, I don't think you'd better use no ordinary stick—reckon you'll hafter fling rocks might'ly at the high ones, even if you have a pole forty foot long."

"Well," said Jasper, "it is hard to tell which one will come out at the big eend of the ho'n, but there's one fact about this canvass that ought not to be overlooked, and that is this: There never was a better humored canvass in this county."

"You air right, Jasper," Mort answered, "and I wantter say right now that it will be a mighty long time before I make it otherwise. We air showing the community that men of worth can run agin each other without fallin' out."

"That's so, Mort, but do you know that it is sorter workin' agin us?"

"Why, no, and I don't see how it can."

"I do. It's this way: You know there ain't no community in the world where bravery is more admired than it is right here; and the truth of the matter is, the folks have tuck it into their heads that nuther one of us will fight. I heard it whispered around at Caney Fork this mornin' that there is danger of another man comin' out and beatin' us both. They say that a man that won't fight ain't fitted to be sheriff. Now, when you come to think of it, nobody don't know whuther we will fight or not. I never had a chance to show whuther I am game or not, and I never heard of you havin' a fight."

"I never had no occasion to fight," said Mort, "I would fight, though, if a feller was to shove me."

"Yes, but the folks don't know it. I'd hate might'ly for some dark hoss to come in and beat us, just on account of the folks thinkin' that we won't fight. Say, Mort, I have been thinkin' of a scheme."

"Out with it, then."

"Well, my scheme is this: There is goin' to be a log-rollin' over at Featherstone's next Saturday, and there will be some of the best men in the county there. I thought it would be a good idee for us to meet there and pretend to git in a quarrel, and then one of us challenge the other. We will have our pistols loaded with nothin' but powder, an' will stand off about ten steps and let drive at each other. We'll fire two or three times as fast as we can, and by that time the people will be satisfied that we will fight and will stop us. Then, you see, it would be impossible for anybody to step in and beat us out of the office."

"Yes, but there can't but one of us be elected."

"I know that, and I thought we might fix it up this way: If I am elected I might give you the chief deputyship and will not run for re-election, but will work for you, and if you are elected, why, you do the same by me."

"I don't think that is a bad plan, Jasper."

"It is a fustrate plan, Mort. Suppose we do it."

"All right, I am agreeable."

A number of men, having tugged at heavy logs for several hours, had gone into the woods to rest, and were sitting under a spreading tree when some one remarked:

"Yander comes Jasper Spillers. If old Mort don't look out Jas will git ahead of him. Hellos (looking in another direction), hanged if yander don't come Mort, too."

The two candidates reached the spreading tree about the same time, greeted each other pleasantly, and then, sitting down, joined in the conversation.

Mort—How air you runnin', Jasper?

Jasper—Like a skeered rabbit, as the feller 'lowed when the snake tuck after him.

Mort—Have to run faster than that or I'll tramp on yo' heels.

Jasper—Wall, now, when you git to trampin' on my heels you'll find your own feet flyin' mighty peart I can tell you. I have been hearin' a good deal of yo' braggin' lately and I jest want to tell you that if this was a bonstin' match you would take the blue ribbin'.

Mort—I don't know about that. I hear that when you was over at Whitman's mill the other day you 'lowed that you would not only beat me, buf that you ought to, as you air the best man in every way—'lowed that you could cock a pistol at me and skeer me mighty nigh to death.

Jasper—Who 'lowed I said that?

Mort—Never mind, I heard it.

Jasper—Wall, now, the man that told you is a liar. Understand?

Mort—You'd better not tell him so.

Jasper—I'd tell him or anybody else so, and, more than that, I'll tell you right to yo' teeth that if you believe it you believe a lie, and still farther, I think you would rather believe a lie than the truth.

Old Man Featherstone—Come, now, boys, don't talk that way. We all thought you was goin' to git along so well in this canvass, and I am mighty sorry to hear you talk like that.

Mort—Anybody can get along with me as long as he acts half way right, but when a man comes a-rubbin' my fur the wrong way jest for his own fun and won't quit even when he sees that it hurts me, why, I won't stand it.

Mort—Now, look here, Mr. Tenderness, I want to tell you that I don't propose to put up with you much longer. I have stood you for a good while and it is about time that there was a let-up. Hear me?

Jasper—I ain't very deaf. And now, as to the putting up part, w'y, you needenter put up with me five minutes longer. You may take yo' own choice in the matter—put up with me or not put up, jest as you see fit.

Mort—Wall, now, when I stop puttin' up with you something will happen to make you ricolleck it. I'm a quiet sorter feller, me, but when a man keeps on a shovin', w'y, the lamb part of me dozes off to sleep and the tiger part suddenly wakes up with its mouth open.

Jasper—I knowed that sort of a feller once. He had the lamb part and the tiger part jest like you've got, and one day the lamb part dozed off to sleep, and the tiger part woke up with its mouth open, and shortly afterward the lamb part was back jumpin' through the low ground, a blatin' every jump, and with mighty nigh all the wool scorched offen him; and the tiger part—well, that evenin' some fellers saw something layin' side the road. They went up and examined it, and what do you think they found? I'll tell you: They found some broken claws and a streaked hide that was so full of slashes and gashes that it wouldn't have held wheat straw. Them broken claws and that hide once belonged to the tiger part.

Featherstone—Come, now, boys, you have bantered enough. I have seen many a banterin' match start out in fun and wind up with somebody givin' hurt. The difference betwixt fools and wise men is this: Wise men know when to quit and fools don't; so, now, boys, jest act like wise men. It is jest as easy to be wise as it is to be foolish, with the great advantage that you never have nothin' to regret when you have been wise. Come, men, let's git back over thar and pile up them logs I want to git 'em fired befo' another rain comes.

Mort—Jest wait awhile, gentlemen. This feller here has said things that I won't stand. He has slandered me before some of the voters of this county—has lied about me on numbers of occasions, and now he's got to answer for it.

Jasper—If you say that I have slandered you before voters or anybody else, you are a liar.

Mort—That settles it. If you have an ounce of pluck, step off there about ten steps and we will have it out.

The scene was now one of intense excitement. Old Featherstone and several other friends attempted to prevent trouble, but seeing that a fight was bound to come, stepped back and told the candidates to fight as brave men should. Ten steps were counted off, and it was agreed that the candidates should fire at the drop of a hat. A young fellow named Danvers—keen to the "sport"—took off his hat and holding it up, said:

"If anybody shoots befo' this hat falls it won't be good for him. It has been a long time since we had any fun in this here community, and I reckon I am a leetle more honest than the rest of the fellers when I say that I am glad to see that all the spunk ain't dead yit. Look out, now!"

The hat struck the ground. Two pistol shots were blended into one report. Both men fell dead. Each one had attempted to play a villainous trick.—Opie P. Read, in Arkansaw Traveler.

ADMIRABLE ADVICE.

CULTIVATE a gentle, even temper. The man who flies into a passion upon every provocation, is like a wasp, senseless and exceedingly annoying.

IN contemplating your misfortunes always look beneath you; in thinking of your virtues and wisdom always look above you; thus shall you be kept from despair and from pride.

IF you want success, do not expect to get it by chance, but seek it through the open doors of the things that lie next you, and seek it as if your soul depended upon your finding it.

WHETHER young or old, think it neither too soon nor too late to turn over the leaves of your past life and consider what you would do if what you have done were to be done again.

THE knowledge which we have acquired ought not to resemble a great shop without order and without an inventory; we ought to know what we possess and be able to make it serve us in need.

ALWAYS make the other fellow feel, if possible, that he is having his own way. The secret of the success of great leaders of men is that while they lead they cause their henchmen to think that they are leading.

BE polite to your children. Do you expect them to be mindful of your welfare? To grow glad at your approach? To bound away to do your pleasure before your request is half spoken? Then with all your dignity and authority mingle politeness. Give it a niche in your household temples. Only then will you have the true secret of sending out into the world really finished gentlemen and ladies.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COPYRIGHT, 1890.

GORMANDIZING,

or overeating, or the partaking of too rich and indigestible food, is a common cause of discomfort and suffering. To immediately relieve the stomach and bowels from such overloading, a full dose of Dr. Pierce's Purgative Pellets is the best remedy. They operate gently, yet thoroughly and without griping, nausea, or other unpleasant effects.

If the too free indulgence in such intemperate eating has deranged digestion, causing dyspepsia and biliousness, attended with a sense of fullness or bloating after eating, coated tongue, bitter or bad taste in mouth in the morning, on arising, drowsiness after meals, indescribable feeling of dread, or of impending calamity and hypochondria—then you need to follow up the use of the "Pellets" with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, to tone up the stomach, invigorate the liver, and set all the processes of digestion at work. While curing indigestion, it purifies the blood, cleansing the system from all humors and blood-poisons—no matter of what name or nature, or from what cause arising. There is nothing similar to it in composition or approaching it in results. Therefore, don't be duped and induced to take some substitute, said to be "just as good," that the dealer may make a larger profit.

$500 OFFERED by the manufacturers of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, for an incurable case of Catarrh in the Head.

Smoke the Celebrated

ESTRELLA

CIGAR

Manufactured by

E. H. GATO,

Factory No. 38,

KEY WEST.

SEE THAT No. 38

Is Stamped on the Bottom of Every Box

ESBERG, BACHMAN & CO.

Agents for the Pacific Coast,

San Francisco, Cal

THE THOROUGHBRED STALLION,

NEE BAN!

Is one of the best bred horses in America. His half brother, KING THOMAS, sold at $40,000, the highest price ever paid for a yearling.

Will stand the season of 1890 at

Franktown, Nevada,

Commencing April 1st and Ending July 1st.

DESCRIPTION AND PEDIGREE:

NEE BAN is a chestnut colt with a star foaled May 19, 1884; bred by Major B. G. Thomas, near Lexington, Kentucky, by imported King Ban, a son of King Tom (winner of the English Derby), out of Atlantis, 1st dam Maccaroona, by imported Maccaroon; 2d, Nina, by Kentucky (son of Lexington); 3d, Imported Parielle (a full sister to Silvio, winner of the English Derby), by Kingston; 4th, England's Beauty, by Bird catcher; 5th, Prairie Bird, by Touchstone; 6th, Bullah, by Reveler; 7th, Morisca, by Morisco; 8th, Waltz, by Election; 9th, Penelope by Trumpeter; 10th, Prunella, by Highflyer; 11th, Promise by Snap; 12th Julia by Blank; 13th, Spectator's Dam, by Partner; 14th, Bonnie Lass, by Bolton; 15th, by Darlie's Arabian; 16th, by Byerley's Turk; 17th, Taffolet Barb; 18th, Place White Turk; 19th, a natural barb mare.

Breeders will be required to furnish Pedigrees of mares.

TERMS FOR SEASON, $50 00.

Mare not proving with foal can be returned free next season.

For further particulars apply to

mch28 WM. THOMPSON.

Deer Park Mineral Spring Hotel,

NOW OPEN FOR THE ACCOMMODAtion of guests.

By rail to Truckee; from there my stage runs daily on arrival of train from the West. Board and lodging, $10 to $12 per week; 13 miles from Truckee; 5½ miles from Tahoe City. All communications addressed Truckee, Cal. J. B. SCOTT, Proprietor.

jy1

The newsiest, the cheapest and the best---The Gazette and Stockman.

REMEMBER! YOU CANNOT
REMEMBER! YOU CANNOT

GET JOBWORK CHEAPER OR ANY
GET JOBWORK CHEAPER OR ANY

BETTER DONE BY SENDIN
BETTER DONE BY SENDIN

AWAY FROM HOME
AWAY FROM HOME

MISCELLANEOUS.

REPUBLICAN

STATE CONVENTION!

OFFICE OF
REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE,
VIRGINIA CITY, NEV., May 20, 1890.

At a meeting of the Republican State Central Committee of Nevada, held this day, it was ordered that a

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION

.....Be held at.....

VIRGINIA CITY,

.....ON.....

Thursday, Sept. 4, 1890,

At 2 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of nominating a full State ticket, viz:

Member of Congress.
Governor,
Lieutenant Governor,
Judge of the Supreme Court,
Clerk of the Supreme Court,
Attorney General.
Secretary of State.
State Controller.
State Treasurer,
Surveyor General,
State Printer,
Superintendent of Public Instruction,
Four Judges of the District Court,
Two Members of Board of Regents State University.

Also for the appointment of a

State Central Committee.

The basis of representation of the respective counties in the said convention shall be one delegate for each 10 votes, and one for each fraction of 15 votes or over cast for the Harrison and Morton Electors, aggregating 146 delegates, apportioned as follows:

Churchill county	2
Douglas	5
Elko	16
Esmeralda	8
Eureka	14
Humboldt	9
Lander	7
Lincoln	3
Lyon	9
Nye	4
Ormsby	11
Storey	32
Washoe	18
White Pine	8
Total	146

The several Republican County Central Committees will call a

PRIMARY ELECTION

Of the People on

Saturday, Aug. 16, 1890,

For the purpose of electing delegates to the said State Convention, the Primary Elections to be carried out in compliance with the laws of the State and the instructions of this committee.

The following test will be required of each and every voter at the said Primary elections:

"*I am a citizen of this State and will support the nominees of the Republican party.*"

The following Resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That this committee reaffirms the State and National Republican platform for 1888, including the declaration that "the Republican party is in favor of the use of both gold and silver as money" and that it, "condemns all efforts to demonetize silver."

Resolved, That the persistent neglect of Secretary Windom to increase the coinage of silver to the maximum of four million dollars per month, coupled with his attempt to influence Congressional legislation so as to perpetuate silver demonetization, is a shameless violation of the silver plank of the National Republican platform, an attack on the rights and interests of the miners, farmers and workers of the land, and an act of party perfidity that should call for his retirement from the councils of an administration which is pledged to help and not hinder the demonetization of silver.

Resolved, That the Republican party is in favor of free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver; that it holds to this principle as a tenet of party faith and a test of party allegiance; that it will permit of no abandonment or modification of this doctrine; that let whosoever will prove recreant to the principle of bimetallism it will remain steadfast thereto, and that it invites all voters in Nevada who favor the repeal of the iniquitous interlineated law of 1873 by which silver was demonetized, and who desire the establishment of free and unlimited coinage as the law of the United States of America, to join in electing delegates to a Republican State Convention.

E. D. BOYLE, Chairman.
F. C. LORD, Secretary. ma24td

$5 for $2.

"Our Family Physician" is a valuable and reliable doctor book, given to ever new subscriber to the WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Cardboard Signs

OF ALL KINDS FOR SALE AT REAsonable prices at the GAZETTE Office.

The neatest and most artistic job work at this office.

FIFTY CENTS PER WEEK.

All classes of legitimate advertisements, not exceeding six lines, inserted in this column for fifty cents per week.

Special Notice.

AS I AM RETIRING FROM BUSINESS all parties indebted to me are requested to settle at once, otherwise collection will be enforced. [jy1] THOS. BARNETT.

Men Wanted.

I WANT FOUR WORKINGMEN AT Eagle Salt Works for the season.

je30w1 B. F. LEETE.

Good Pasture.

FOR CHOICE PASTURE OF ALFALFA and grass one half mile from railroad depot, apply to B. F. Leete. ma31tf

Dental Plates.

DR. E. C. PHELPS WILL GIVE TWO weeks' trial on dental plates. No charge is made unless the plates are satisfactory in every particular. Give him a call. Office in Sunderland's building, Virginia street je16

Ice Cream.

ORDER YOUR ICE CREAM FOR THE Fourth at the old reliable Palace Bakery. We make only the first class article, and it is really cheaper and more satisfactory than to make it yourself. Be sure to order in time.

je28w1

For Rent.

A NICE SUITE OF ROOMS, PLEASantly situated and sunshiny, for rent with or without board. Inquire of MRS. THOMPSON, West-st., between Second and Commercial Row. je31f

Dentistry.

DR. J. J. MOORE, WHO FOR A SHORT time is located at the Golden Eagle Hotel notifies those in want of his service to call at an early day. je18f

For Rent.

HOUSEKEEPING OR FURNISHED rooms, above R. W. Parry's livery stable Corner 4th and Sierra streets. je11f

Piano for Sale.

A NEW CHICKERING UPRIGHT PIano for sale cheap. Inquire at this office immediately. je9w4

Piano for Rent.

A FINE IRVING & CO. PIANO FOR rent cheap; also a full line of musical instruments below San Francisco prices.

je9tf C. J. BROOKINS

Special Notice.

ALL PARTIES INDEBTED TO US ARE requested to pay up at once, otherwise collection will be enforced. F. Levy & Bro.

ja1w1

For Sale.

TO PARTIES WISHING TO SECURE A desirable residence, I offer for sale my house and lot on West street. For particulars inquire of Dr. A. Dawson, West street, between Second and Commercial Row. ap8tf

For Sale.

A WELL IMPROVED RANCH OF 520 acres, 400 under cultivation, and a full title to 400 acres, good water right, with an abundance of farming utensils. Terms easy. Inquire of Jno. S. Gilson, Real Estate Agent, New Opera House. No4

Brookins' Steam Candy Factory

THE FIRST CANDY FACTORY IN Reno. Fresh candy every hour. Call and get prices of small quantities or by the barrel. Wholesale prices same as San Francisco.

ja14tf C. J. BROOKINS.

For Sale.

WINDOW WRIGHTS ALWAYS ON hand and for sale at the

mch31tf UNION IRON WORKS.

For Sale.

A FINE, NEARLY NEW SEVEN-ROOM dwelling house near the University. Good cellar and all necessary and convenient outhouses. JOHN S. GILSON, Real Estate Agent, Office in New Opera House Building. nov27tf

Fifty Second-hand Sewing

MACHINES FOR SALE OR RENT; warranted for one year. Call and examine the New Improved White. Sold on easy payments and warranted for five years.

mch8tf J. S. SHOEMAKER & CO

House For Sale.

MANSARD ROOF, 11 ROOMS, ALL neatly furnished, horse barn and other outbuildings. Situated on Lake street, north of the Convent. Also other town property.

Ap8tf J. B. RAFFERTY.

Pianos and Organs,

FOR SALE, OR WILL RENT TO REsponsible parties. Inquire of

my5tf W. N. KNOX.

Promulgation.

RENO BARGAIN STORE.

Excellent are situated.
None is more convenient
On the Virginia street located.

Bully fixed up,
And papered is the space,
Right in Frasher' former shop,
George has got his present place

And very cheap he sells his goods,
Invited all, is to investigate,
Notions in his shop he slaughters,
Surely, at a special rate.

Truly you can money save;
Overbuy that is not wise
Rather, therefore, why not call and ask
Energetic after George's price.

je17 GEO. KROG.

SHEEP DIP! SHEEP DIP! SHEEP DIP

California Non-Poisonous Leads! Others Follow

ded Highest Premium at the Mechanics Fair.

It is a sure cure for SCAB when used as directed.

Price, $1 00 per Gallon.

Special Discount to Large Consumers.

Send for circulars and see our testimonials.

For sale by

J. S. SHOEMAKER & CO.,

dw Druggists, Reno, Nevada.

WILLIAM DIXON & BROTHER.

DEALERS IN

BEEF, MUTTON, PORK, VEAL, ETC.

Are prepared to furnish the best meats at the lowest living rates. nov29

Commercial Row for Sierra St

BIG G Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Big G is acknowledged the leading remedy for Gonorrhœa & Gleet. The only safe remedy for Leucorrhœa or Whites. I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers. Mfd only by THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. A. J. STONER, M.D., DECATUR, ILL. Sold by Druggists. Price, $1.00.

TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

RUPTURE AND PILES.

We positively cure all kinds of Rupture and Rectal Diseases, no matter of how long standing, in from 30 to 60 days, without the use of knife, drugging, blood, or detention from business. Terms, No Cure No Pay, and No Pay Until Cured. If afflicted, send us us or send stamp for pamphlet. Address, Drs. Porterfield & Losey, 636 Market, S. F.

PROFESSIONAL.

THOMAS FITCH,

Attorney-at-Law

FFICE IN FIRST NATIONAL BANK Building, Reno, Nevada.

je1tf

D. ALLEN,

Attorney - at - Law,

AND DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF Washoe County. Office—Court-house Reno, Nevada. feb26

DENTISTRY.

Dr. H. A. Fredrick,

FORMERLY OF VIRGINIA CITY, AND Graduate of the Leipzig and Berlin Dental Colleges, has permanently located in Reno and can be found in his dental parlors in the FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING, Rooms 13 and 14. Dr. Fredrick has a complete outfit of the latest improved instruments and will guarantee to do nothing but the best of work. Teeth extracted at all hours of the night. je17

BAKER & WINES,

Attorneys-at-Law.

OFFICE—FIRST NATIONAL BANK Building, room —, up stairs. Will practice in all the courts. ma31tf

BENJAMIN CURLER,

Attorney-at-Law.

OFFICE IN FIRST NATIONAL BANK Building, Reno, Nevada. ma31tf

DR. E. C. PHELPS,

Dentist,

OFFICE IN SUNDERLAND BUILDING, Virginia street.

GOLD FILLING A SPECIALTY.

Dr. Mayo A. Greenlaw,

DENTIST.

PARLORS IN FOWNING'S BUILDING Virginia street.

OFFICE HOURS—From 9 A. M. until 5 P. M. Nitrous Oxide Gas given for painless extraction of teeth.

All operations in dentistry performed and satisfaction guaranteed. no12tf

JNO A. LEWIS, M. D.,

RENO, NEVADA

oct1f

A. DAWSON, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE AT RESIDENCE, WEST STREET between Second and Commercial Row. oct1f

W. M. BOARDMAN,

Attorney-at-Law.

Office in Sunderland's Building ap6tf

W. A. PHILLIPS, M. D.,

Reno, Nevada

OFFICE—SUNDERLAND'S BUILDING Night call at Wm. Pinniger's residence.

R. H. LINDSAY,

Attorney and Counselor-at-Law

RENO, NEVADA, WILL PRACTICE IN all the courts of Nevada and California. dec2tf

CLARKE & JONES,

Attorneys-at-Law.

RENO OFFICE IN THE FOWNING Building, Virginia street, Reno, Nevada. Will practice in all the Courts. pc2tf

SOCIETY MEETING

A. O. U. W.

WASHINGTON LODGE, No. 25, A. O. U. W., meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock in their hall in Thompson's new building, on Virginia street, between 1st and Second streets.

B. C. SHEARER, M. W.
A. L. LINN, Recorder. mch8

Reno Chapter No. 7, R. A. M.

THE STATED CONVOCATIONS OF RENO Chapter No. 7, R. A. M., are held at Masonic Hall on the evening of the first Thursday of each month, commencing at 8 o'clock sharp. All sojourning companions in good standing are fraternally invited to attend. By order of the H. P.

L. L. CROCKETT, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.

RENO LODGE NO. 19, I. O. O. F., meets at their hall on Chestnut street, over the Congregational Church, Thursday evenings at 8 o'clock. Visiting members in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

BENTON TROY, N. G.
ALEX. BACKUS, Secretary. jan 7

RENO MILL AND LUMBER CO.

C. Gulling, President; W. S. Binder, Vice President; Wm. Henry, Secretary; First Nat. Bank, Treasurer.

OFFICE—CORNER THIRD AND RAILroad streets, Reno, Nevada.

The company incorporated March 12, 1889, and is prepared to fill all orders for building material.

Latest style of Eastlake doors and finish. We also do turning and scroll sawing, and manufacture doors, windows, blinds, etc.

We also manufacture a kinds of common and clear lumber.

Give us a call. ap21tf

WEAK MEN MADE STRONG

LOCAL ABSORPTION. A new Treatise showing how men suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VIGOR, PREMATURE DECLINE, and all Kidney and Bladder difficulties, can find perfect health and vigor without stomach medication. Sent sealed free on application.

MARSTON REMEDY CO., 10 Park Place, New York.

FOR MEN ONLY!

VIGOR OF STRENGTH

For Lost or Failing MANHOOD; General and Nervous Debility; Weakness of Body & Mind; Effects of Error or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment. Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States & Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.